ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT AND SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees John A. Logan College Community College District No. 530 Carterville, Illinois 62918

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of John A. Logan College, Community College District No. 530 (the College), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of John A. Logan College, Community College District No. 530 as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. The financial statements of the discretely presented component unit were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the pension schedules, and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise John A. Logan College, Community College District No. 530's basic financial statements. The Uniform Financial Statements, as required by the Illinois Community College Board, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Uniform Financial Statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the Other Supplemental Information included in the annual report. The Other Supplemental Information, as listed in the table of contents, does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the Other Supplemental Information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Supplemental Information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the Other Supplemental Information and the basic financial statements, or the Other Supplemental Information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the Other Supplemental Information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2022, on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KEMPER CPA GROUP LLP

Kempar CPA Group LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

Marion, Illinois December 20, 2022



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees John A. Logan College Community College District No. 530 Carterville, Illinois 62918

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of John A. Logan College, Community College District No. 530 (the College) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2022. The financial statements of the John A. Logan College Foundation (the Foundation), a discretely presented component unit, were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and, accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with the Foundation.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KEMPER CPA GROUP LLP

Kempor CPA Group LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

Marion, Illinois December 20, 2022



## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

This section of John A. Logan College's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents management's discussion and analysis of the College's financial activity during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Management's discussion and analysis is designed to focus on current activities, resulting change, and currently known facts. Please read it in conjunction with the College's audited basic financial statements and the notes to financial statements. Responsibility for the completeness and fairness of this information rests with the College.

#### **Using This Annual Report**

The basic financial statements focus on the College as a whole and are designed to emulate corporate presentation models whereby all College activities are consolidated into one total. The focus of the Statement of Net Position is designed to reflect the College's financial position at a certain date. This statement combines and consolidates current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets. Net position is one indicator of the current financial condition of the College, while the change in net position is another indicator of whether the overall financial condition has improved or deteriorated during the year.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents the College's financial results for the fiscal year. This statement includes the College's revenues and expenses, both operating and non-operating. Operating revenues and expenses are those for which the College directly exchanges goods and services. The primary operating revenues for the College are tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances, and auxiliary services. Non-operating revenues and expenses are those that exclude specific, direct exchanges of goods and services. The major components of the College's non-operating revenues include local property taxes and government grants and contracts. The reporting model classifies these revenues as non-operating because no direct exchange of goods and services are received from the government or local taxpayers, respectively. This approach is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of costs of various College services to students and the public.

#### **Financial Highlights**

The College's net position increased by \$8.8 million to \$40.1 million at June 30, 2022, from \$31.3 million at June 30, 2021. Net position represents the balance in the College's assets and deferred outflows of resources after liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are deducted.

Operating revenues decreased to \$5.6 million from \$6.0 million in the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The State University Retirement System (SURS) and the State of Illinois College Insurance Program (CIP) contributions made on behalf of the College decreased from \$17.3 million to \$11.7 million in fiscal years 2021 and 2022, respectively. Total revenues and capital contributions, excluding State on-behalf contributions, increased \$10.0 million from \$42.2 million to \$52.2 million for fiscal years 2021 and 2022, respectively. This increase is largely due to an increase in federal grants and contracts of \$4.7 million and an increase in capital contributions of \$1.1 million, which were primarily driven by an increase in Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund revenue and U.S. Department of Transportation multi-purpose pathway grant revenue. Property taxes and corporate personal property replacement taxes accounted for another \$3.8 million increase in total revenues. Total expenses, excluding State on-behalf expenses, increased \$4.0 million

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### **Financial Highlights (Concluded)**

from \$39.3 million to \$43.3 million for fiscal years 2021 and 2022, respectively. More discussion of the change in total expenses is available on the following pages.

#### Financial Analysis of the College as a Whole

ASSETS         FY2022         FY2021         Increase (Decrease)         Percent Change           Current         Current assets         \$ 33.9         \$ 31.2         \$ 2.7         8.7 %           Non-Current         Restricted assets         21.6         21.0         0.6         2.9           Capital assets, net Total assets         61.8         61.2         0.6         1.0           Total assets         117.3         113.4         3.9         3.4           ERESOURCES         1.7         1.4         0.3         21.4           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities         8.6         9.3         (0.7)         (7.5)           Non-current liabilities         47.0         52.5         (5.5)         (10.5)           Total liabilities         47.0         52.5         (5.5)         (10.0)           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         23.3         21.7         1.6         7.4           NET POSITION         Restricted         17.2         14.8         2.4         16.2           Restricted         17.2         14.8         2.4         16.2           Unrestricted         (26.3)         (29.7)         3.4 <th></th> <th></th> <th>t Position millions)</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>			t Position millions)				
Current         Current assets       \$ 33.9       \$ 31.2       \$ 2.7       8.7 %         Non-Current       Restricted assets       21.6       21.0       0.6       2.9         Capital assets, net       61.8       61.2       0.6       1.0         Total assets       117.3       113.4       3.9       3.4         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES       1.7       1.4       0.3       21.4         LIABILITIES         Current liabilities       8.6       9.3       (0.7)       (7.5)         Non-current liabilities       47.0       52.5       (5.5)       (10.5)         Total liabilities       55.6       61.8       (6.2)       (10.0)         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       23.3       21.7       1.6       7.4         NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets       49.2       46.2       3.0       6.5         Restricted       17.2       14.8       2.4       16.2         Unrestricted       (26.3)       (29.7)       3.4       (11.4)					Inc	crease	Percent
Current assets         \$ 33.9         \$ 31.2         \$ 2.7         8.7 %           Non-Current         Restricted assets         21.6         21.0         0.6         2.9           Capital assets, net         61.8         61.2         0.6         1.0           Total assets         117.3         113.4         3.9         3.4           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         1.7         1.4         0.3         21.4           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities         8.6         9.3         (0.7)         (7.5)           Non-current liabilities         47.0         52.5         (5.5)         (10.5)           Total liabilities         55.6         61.8         (6.2)         (10.0)           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         23.3         21.7         1.6         7.4           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         49.2         46.2         3.0         6.5           Restricted         17.2         14.8         2.4         16.2           Unrestricted         (26.3)         (29.7)         3.4         (11.4)	ASSETS	F	Y2022	 FY2021	_(De	crease)	Change
Non-Current   Restricted assets   21.6   21.0   0.6   2.9   Capital assets, net   61.8   61.2   0.6   1.0   Total assets   117.3   113.4   3.9   3.4	Current						
Restricted assets         21.6         21.0         0.6         2.9           Capital assets, net         61.8         61.2         0.6         1.0           Total assets         117.3         113.4         3.9         3.4           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF           RESOURCES         1.7         1.4         0.3         21.4           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities         8.6         9.3         (0.7)         (7.5)           Non-current liabilities         47.0         52.5         (5.5)         (10.5)           Total liabilities         55.6         61.8         (6.2)         (10.0)           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         23.3         21.7         1.6         7.4           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         49.2         46.2         3.0         6.5           Restricted         17.2         14.8         2.4         16.2           Unrestricted         (26.3)         (29.7)         3.4         (11.4)	Current assets	\$	33.9	\$ 31.2	\$	2.7	8.7 %
Capital assets, net         61.8         61.2         0.6         1.0           Total assets         117.3         113.4         3.9         3.4           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           RESOURCES         1.7         1.4         0.3         21.4           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities         8.6         9.3         (0.7)         (7.5)           Non-current liabilities         47.0         52.5         (5.5)         (10.5)           Total liabilities         55.6         61.8         (6.2)         (10.0)           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         23.3         21.7         1.6         7.4           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         49.2         46.2         3.0         6.5           Restricted         17.2         14.8         2.4         16.2           Unrestricted         (26.3)         (29.7)         3.4         (11.4)	Non-Current						
Total assets         117.3         113.4         3.9         3.4           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         1.7         1.4         0.3         21.4           LIABILITIES         8.6         9.3         (0.7)         (7.5)           Non-current liabilities         47.0         52.5         (5.5)         (10.5)           Total liabilities         55.6         61.8         (6.2)         (10.0)           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         23.3         21.7         1.6         7.4           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         49.2         46.2         3.0         6.5           Restricted         17.2         14.8         2.4         16.2           Unrestricted         (26.3)         (29.7)         3.4         (11.4)	Restricted assets		21.6	21.0		0.6	2.9
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           LIABILITIES         Surrent liabilities         8.6         9.3         (0.7)         (7.5)           Non-current liabilities         47.0         52.5         (5.5)         (10.5)           Total liabilities         55.6         61.8         (6.2)         (10.0)           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         23.3         21.7         1.6         7.4           NET POSITION             Net investment in capital assets         49.2         46.2         3.0         6.5           Restricted         17.2         14.8         2.4         16.2           Unrestricted         (26.3)         (29.7)         3.4         (11.4)	Capital assets, net		61.8	 61.2		0.6	1.0
RESOURCES         1.7         1.4         0.3         21.4           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities         8.6         9.3         (0.7)         (7.5)           Non-current liabilities         47.0         52.5         (5.5)         (10.5)           Total liabilities         55.6         61.8         (6.2)         (10.0)           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         23.3         21.7         1.6         7.4           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         49.2         46.2         3.0         6.5           Restricted         17.2         14.8         2.4         16.2           Unrestricted         (26.3)         (29.7)         3.4         (11.4)	Total assets		117.3	 113.4		3.9	3.4
Current liabilities       8.6       9.3       (0.7)       (7.5)         Non-current liabilities       47.0       52.5       (5.5)       (10.5)         Total liabilities       55.6       61.8       (6.2)       (10.0)         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       23.3       21.7       1.6       7.4         NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets       49.2       46.2       3.0       6.5         Restricted       17.2       14.8       2.4       16.2         Unrestricted       (26.3)       (29.7)       3.4       (11.4)			1.7	 1.4		0.3	21.4
Non-current liabilities         47.0         52.5         (5.5)         (10.5)           Total liabilities         55.6         61.8         (6.2)         (10.0)           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         23.3         21.7         1.6         7.4           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         49.2         46.2         3.0         6.5           Restricted         17.2         14.8         2.4         16.2           Unrestricted         (26.3)         (29.7)         3.4         (11.4)	LIABILITIES						
Total liabilities         55.6         61.8         (6.2)         (10.0)           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         23.3         21.7         1.6         7.4           NET POSITION         Value         Value         49.2         46.2         3.0         6.5           Restricted         17.2         14.8         2.4         16.2           Unrestricted         (26.3)         (29.7)         3.4         (11.4)	Current liabilities		8.6	9.3		(0.7)	(7.5)
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       23.3       21.7       1.6       7.4         NET POSITION       Very substructed       49.2       46.2       3.0       6.5         Restricted       17.2       14.8       2.4       16.2         Unrestricted       (26.3)       (29.7)       3.4       (11.4)	Non-current liabilities		47.0	 52.5		(5.5)	(10.5)
NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets       49.2       46.2       3.0       6.5         Restricted       17.2       14.8       2.4       16.2         Unrestricted       (26.3)       (29.7)       3.4       (11.4)	Total liabilities		55.6	 61.8		(6.2)	(10.0)
Net investment in capital assets       49.2       46.2       3.0       6.5         Restricted       17.2       14.8       2.4       16.2         Unrestricted       (26.3)       (29.7)       3.4       (11.4)	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		23.3	 21.7		1.6	7.4
Restricted 17.2 14.8 2.4 16.2 Unrestricted (26.3) (29.7) 3.4 (11.4)	NET POSITION						
Restricted 17.2 14.8 2.4 16.2 Unrestricted (26.3) (29.7) 3.4 (11.4)	Net investment in capital assets		49.2	46.2		3.0	6.5
	-		17.2	14.8		2.4	16.2
	Unrestricted		(26.3)	 (29.7)		3.4	(11.4)
	Total net assets	\$	40.1	\$ 31.3	\$	8.8	28.1 %

The above schedule summarizes the College's statement of net position which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting whereby assets are capitalized and depreciated and deferred outflows and inflows of resources are recognized.

Current assets increased \$2.7 million to \$33.9 million at June 30, 2022. Within current assets, cash and cash equivalents increased \$3.9 million, offset partially by a decrease in receivables of \$1.2 million. The decrease in total receivables was driven by a decrease of \$1.3 million in governmental claims and \$0.7 million in other receivables, offset partially by an increase of \$0.7 million in property taxes receivable. Non-current assets increased by \$1.2 million due to the receipt of insurance proceeds, which increased liability, protection, and settlement fund cash, and an increase in net capital assets.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### Financial Analysis of the College as a Whole (Continued)

Current liabilities decreased \$0.7 million due to decreases in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$0.6 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, offset partially by an increase in the current portion of bonds payable of \$0.2 million. Non-current liabilities decreased \$5.5 million due to decreases of \$4.3 million in long-term bonds payable and \$1.3 million in the net OPEB liability.

Deferred outflows of resources increased \$0.3 million due to a \$0.3 million increase in OPEB plan related amounts. Deferred inflows of resources increased \$1.6 million due to a \$0.9 million increase in OPEB plan related amounts and a \$0.6 million increase in deferred property tax revenue.

### Operating Results (in millions)

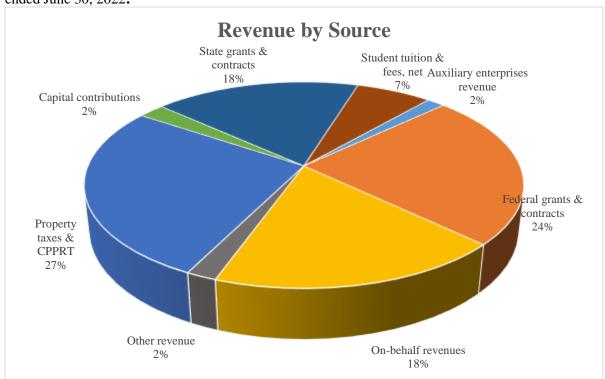
	(1111)	шшиона)					
					In	crease	Percent
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	F	Y2022	_	FY2021	_(De	ecrease)	Change
Operating revenues							
Student tuition and fees, net	\$	4.23	\$	4.95	\$	(0.72)	(14.5)%
Auxiliary enterprises revenue		1.00		0.77		0.23	29.9
Other operating revenue		0.39		0.29		0.10	34.5
Total operating revenue		5.62		6.01		(0.39)	(6.5)
Less operating expenses		54.25		55.68		(1.43)	(2.6)
Operating income (loss)		(48.63)		(49.67)		(1.04)	(2.1)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENS	SES)						
Property taxes		15.24		12.50		2.74	21.9
Corporate personal property replacement taxe	S	2.03		0.94		1.09	116.0
State grants and contracts		11.54		11.01		0.53	4.8
Federal grants and contracts		15.44		10.72		4.72	44.0
Nongovernmental gifts, grants and bequests		0.73		0.66		0.07	10.6
On-behalf revenues – SURS & CIP		11.74		17.26		(5.52)	(32.0)
Investment income		0.10		0.06		0.04	66.7
Bond premium amortization							
(interest expense), net		(0.84)		(0.85)		0.01	(1.2)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		55.98	_	52.30		3.68	7.0
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		1.46		0.32		1.14	356.3
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	8.81	\$	2.95	\$	5.86	198.6%

When reviewing the above information, it should be noted the tuition and fees amount has been adjusted for a scholarship allowance. The scholarship allowances for the fiscal years 2022 and 2021 were \$5.0 million and \$4.8 million, respectively. This scholarship allowance represents the amount of scholarship monies which were applied to student accounts to fund a portion of their tuition and fee balances. If tuition and fees were presented on a gross basis, a greater dependence on tuition and fees would be noted.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### Financial Analysis of the College as a Whole (Continued)

The following is a graphic illustration of total revenue, including capital contributions, by source for the year ended June 30, 2022:



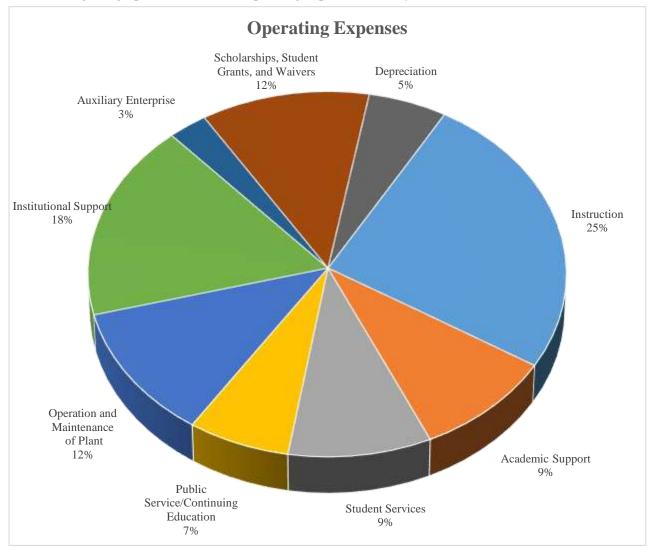
### Operating Expenses (in millions)

				II	ncrease	Percent
OPERATING EXPENSES	<u> </u>	Y2022	 FY2021	(D	ecrease)	Change
Instruction	\$	13.8	\$ 17.4	\$	(3.6)	(20.7)%
Academic support		5.1	3.9		1.2	30.8
Student services		5.1	5.0		0.1	2.0
Public service/continuing education		3.6	4.3		(0.7)	(16.3)
Operation and maintenance of plant		6.3	7.1		(0.8)	(11.3)
Institutional support		9.5	10.4		(0.9)	(8.7)
Auxiliary enterprise		1.5	1.4		0.1	7.1
Scholarships, student grants, and waivers		6.3	3.3		3.0	90.9
Depreciation		3.0	 2.9		0.1	3.4
Total operating expenses	\$	54.2	\$ 55.7	\$	(1.5)	(2.7)%

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### Financial Analysis of the College as a Whole (Continued)

The following is a graphic illustration of operating expenses for the year ended June 30, 2022:



Operating expenses as of June 30, 2022 decreased \$1.5 million compared to the year ended June 30, 2021. Much of this decrease is attributable to a decrease of \$5.6 million in the combined pension and OPEB expenses paid on-behalf of the College by the State, which are allocated across operating expense functions based on salary expenses. These on-behalf expenses represent the College's portion of the SURS pension and CIP OPEB contributions. The State has the legal obligation to make contributions directly to the SURS pension plan. The College recognizes revenue and a corresponding employee benefit expense for the College's proportionate share of the State's payments. The revenues and expenses recorded for these payments do not pass through the College, and the College does not spend any actual dollars. These on-behalf payments occur annually, and amounts may fluctuate significantly year to year. The FY2022 CIP on-behalf amount was a net OPEB benefit.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### Financial Analysis of the College as a Whole (Concluded)

Excluding the on-behalf expense allocations, total operating expenses increased \$4.1 million. Scholarships, student grants, and waivers increased \$3.1 million, primarily due to an increase in Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) and Pell awards. Also excluding on-behalf allocations, academic support and student service expenses increased \$1.6 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, while instruction and institutional support expenses decreased \$1.3 million and \$0.2 million, respectively. HEERF awards were used to purchase academic support materials, technology, and online services to improve remote learning and promote social distancing and campus safety. The decreases in instruction and institutional support expenses were driven by a decrease in salaries and benefits due to retirements and unfilled positions throughout the fiscal year. Overall, conference and meeting expense increased as conferences began to be held in person instead of virtually as during the pandemic.

#### **Capital and Debt Activities**

#### Capital Assets, Net As of June 30 (in millions)

			Inc	rease	Percent
 2022		2021	(Dec	rease)	Change
\$ 0.3	\$	0.3	\$	-	- %
3.8		2.5		1.3	52.0
95.0		95.0		-	-
10.4		11.5		(1.1)	(9.6)
 1.7		0.3		1.4	466.7
 111.2		109.6		1.6	1.5
 49.4		48.4		1.0	2.1
\$ 61.8	\$	61.2	\$	0.6	1.0 %
\$	\$ 0.3 3.8 95.0 10.4 1.7 111.2	\$ 0.3 \$ 3.8 95.0 10.4 1.7 111.2 49.4	\$ 0.3 \$ 0.3 3.8 2.5 95.0 95.0 10.4 11.5 1.7 0.3 111.2 109.6	2022     2021     (Dec       \$ 0.3     \$ 0.3     \$       3.8     2.5     95.0     95.0       10.4     11.5     1.7     0.3       111.2     109.6     109.6	\$ 0.3 \$ 0.3 \$ - 3.8 2.5 1.3 95.0 95.0 - 10.4 11.5 (1.1) 1.7 0.3 1.4 111.2 109.6 1.6

Net capital assets increased \$0.6 million comprised of an increase of \$1.6 million in capital assets at cost, offset by a \$1.0 million increase in accumulated depreciation. Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 was \$3.0 million and \$2.9 million, respectively.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the College completed a baseball turf and field wall site improvement project of \$1.3 million. Instructional, office, and service equipment of \$0.8 million was placed into service during the year and \$1.9 million of equipment was disposed of when no longer operational and through an asset sale.

Several other construction projects have been approved by the Board and were in progress during the year ended June 30, 2022. These projects are included in Construction in Progress at June 30, 2022. See Note 11 of the notes to the financial statements for a list of these projects and the estimated remaining project commitments at June 30, 2022.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONCLUDED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### **Capital and Debt Activities (Concluded)**

The College's debt activity for the year consisted of:

Debt payable, July 1, 2021	\$ 31,215,000
Debt issued	69,868
Debt retired	(3,921,165)
Debt payable, June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 27,363,703</u>

The College recognized a \$69,868 lease liability for the lease of a Bobcat through Wells Fargo Financing. Debt retirement of \$3.9 million occurred during the year in accordance with the original debt retirement schedules of previously issued bonds.



### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	John A. Logan College	Component Unit John A. Logan College Foundation
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 13,229,159	\$ 616,407
Receivables	16 150 257	
Property Taxes Governmental Claims	16,159,257 796,150	-
Tuition and Fees, Net of Allowance for	790,130	-
Doubtful Accounts of \$1,310,000	1,568,619	_
Other	1,460,433	4,015
Inventories	6,914	-
Prepaid Expenses	728,596	6,022
Total Current Assets	33,949,128	626,444
Non-Current Assets		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	21,611,082	_
Long-Term Investments	21,011,062	9,164,991
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	61,780,878	J,10 <del>1</del> ,JJ1
Total Non-Current Assets	83,391,960	9,164,991
Total Assets	117,341,088	9,791,435
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
College OPEB Plan Related Amounts	429,969	-
CIP OPEB Plan Related Amounts	745,947	-
Pension Related Amounts	149,463	-
Deferred Loss on Refunded Bonds Payable	343,493	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,668,872	
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	618,989	349,191
Accrued Expenses	3,727,661	-
Refundable Advances	65,406	-
Deposits Held in Custody	30,983	-
Accrued Bond Interest	73,297	-
Lease Liability, Due in One Year	16,395	-
Bonds Payable, Current	4,125,000	
Total Current Liabilities	8,657,731	349,191
Non-Current Liabilities		
Net OPEB Liability	22,545,681	-
Lease Liability	37,308	-
Bonds Payable, Net of Unamortized Premium of \$1,198,282	24,383,282	
Total Non-Current Liabilities	46,966,271	
Total Liabilities	55,624,002	349,191
Deferred Inflows of Resources	702 529	
College OPEB Plan Related Amounts	723,538	-
CIP OPEB Plan Related Amounts Deferred Property Tax Revenue	5,139,750 15,811,476	-
Deferred Tuition and Fees	558,405	-
Deferred SIH and Pepsi Agreement	1,040,000	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	23,273,169	
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets	49,166,848	
Restricted for	49,100,040	-
Debt Service	66,308	_
Capital Projects	10,953,358	-
Liability Protection	791,734	_
Working Cash	5,435,685	_
Other	27,008	-
Without Donor Restrictions	- ,,,,,,,	1,482,168
With Donor Restrictions	-	7,960,076
Unrestricted	(26,328,152)	<u> </u>
Total Nat Position	\$ 40.112.790	\$ 0.442.244
Total Net Position	\$ 40,112,789	\$ 9,442,244

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			<b>Component Unit</b>
		John A. Logan College	John A. Logan College Foundation
Revenues		<u> </u>	
Operating Revenues:			
Student Tuition and Fees, Net of Scholarships and			
Allowances of \$5,025,567	\$	4,228,596	\$ -
Donations		-	771,395
Auxiliary Enterprise Revenue		998,830	-
Other		390,869	35,558
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>		5,618,295	806,953
Expenses			
Operating Expenses:			
Instruction		13,814,619	-
Academic Support		5,104,356	-
Student Services		5,089,401	1,183,723
Public Service/Continuing Education		3,626,056	-
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		6,304,194	-
Institutional Support		9,488,620	-
Auxiliary Enterprise		1,481,020	-
Scholarships, Student Grants, and Waivers		6,364,442	-
Depreciation	_	2,975,877	
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	_	54,248,585	1,183,723
Operating Income (Loss)		(48,630,290)	(376,770)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)			
Property Taxes		15,238,183	-
Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes		2,030,635	-
State Grants and Contracts		11,542,575	-
Federal Grants and Contracts		15,436,517	-
Nongovernmental Gifts, Grants, and Bequests		731,212	-
On-Behalf Revenues - SURS & CIP		11,737,522	_
Investment Income		101,549	190,486
Bond Premium Amortization (Interest Expense), Net		(836,186)	-
Realized Capital Gains (Losses)		(030,100)	71,727
Unrealized Capital Gains (Losses)			(1,834,201)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		55,982,007	(1,571,988)
Income before Capital Contributions		7,351,717	(1,948,758)
Capital Contributions		1,455,221	
Change in Net Position		8,806,938	(1,948,758)
Net Position, July 1, 2021		31,305,851	11,391,002
Net Position, June 30, 2022	\$	40,112,789	\$ 9,442,244

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Tuition and Fees	\$ 4,846,875
Payments to Suppliers	(15,755,918)
Payments to and Benefits for Employees	(25,323,479)
Auxiliary Enterprise Charges	998,830
Other Receipts	430,975
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(34,802,717)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Property Taxes	15,269,862
Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes	1,873,641
Receipt of Deposits Held in Custody	14,167
Disbursement of Deposits Held in Custody	(29,003)
Grants, Contracts, Gifts, and Bequests	28,456,490
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	 45,585,157
The Cash Frontier (Osca) by Policapital Financing Activities	 43,363,137
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Capital Grants, Contracts, Gifts, and Bequests	2,011,624
Principal Paid on Bonds	(3,905,000)
Interest Paid on Bonds	(1,009,235)
Purchases of Capital Assets	 (3,464,061)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	 (6,366,672)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Interest Income	101,549
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	 101,549
	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,517,317
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2021	 30,322,924
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2021 Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022	\$ 30,322,924 34,840,241
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	34,840,241
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss)	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to	34,840,241
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	34,840,241 (48,630,290)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: On-Behalf - SURS & CIP	34,840,241 (48,630,290) 11,737,522
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: On-Behalf - SURS & CIP Depreciation Expense	34,840,241 (48,630,290) 11,737,522 2,975,877
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: On-Behalf - SURS & CIP Depreciation Expense Loss on Disposed Capital Assets	34,840,241 (48,630,290) 11,737,522
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: On-Behalf - SURS & CIP Depreciation Expense Loss on Disposed Capital Assets Change in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows (Inflows):	34,840,241 (48,630,290) 11,737,522 2,975,877 1,000
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: On-Behalf - SURS & CIP Depreciation Expense Loss on Disposed Capital Assets Change in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows (Inflows): Tuition and Fees Receivables (net)	34,840,241 (48,630,290) 11,737,522 2,975,877 1,000 (139,420)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: On-Behalf - SURS & CIP Depreciation Expense Loss on Disposed Capital Assets Change in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows (Inflows): Tuition and Fees Receivables (net) Other Receivables	34,840,241 (48,630,290) 11,737,522 2,975,877 1,000 (139,420) 672,098
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: On-Behalf - SURS & CIP Depreciation Expense Loss on Disposed Capital Assets Change in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows (Inflows): Tuition and Fees Receivables (net) Other Receivables Inventories	34,840,241 (48,630,290) 11,737,522 2,975,877 1,000 (139,420) 672,098 (2,356)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: On-Behalf - SURS & CIP Depreciation Expense Loss on Disposed Capital Assets Change in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows (Inflows): Tuition and Fees Receivables (net) Other Receivables Inventories Prepaid Expenses	34,840,241 (48,630,290) 11,737,522 2,975,877 1,000 (139,420) 672,098 (2,356) (16,766)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: On-Behalf - SURS & CIP Depreciation Expense Loss on Disposed Capital Assets Change in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows (Inflows): Tuition and Fees Receivables (net) Other Receivables Inventories Prepaid Expenses Net College OPEB-Related Deferred Outflows/Inflows	34,840,241 (48,630,290) 11,737,522 2,975,877 1,000 (139,420) 672,098 (2,356) (16,766) 552,227
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: On-Behalf - SURS & CIP Depreciation Expense Loss on Disposed Capital Assets Change in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows (Inflows): Tuition and Fees Receivables (net) Other Receivables Inventories Prepaid Expenses Net College OPEB-Related Deferred Outflows/Inflows Net CIP OPEB-Related Deferred Outflows/Inflows	34,840,241 (48,630,290) 11,737,522 2,975,877 1,000 (139,420) 672,098 (2,356) (16,766) 552,227 59,964
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: On-Behalf - SURS & CIP Depreciation Expense Loss on Disposed Capital Assets Change in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows (Inflows): Tuition and Fees Receivables (net) Other Receivables Inventories Prepaid Expenses Net College OPEB-Related Deferred Outflows/Inflows Net CIP OPEB-Related Deferred Outflows/Inflows Pension Related Deferred Outflows	34,840,241 (48,630,290) 11,737,522 2,975,877 1,000 (139,420) 672,098 (2,356) (16,766) 552,227 59,964 6,294
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: On-Behalf - SURS & CIP Depreciation Expense Loss on Disposed Capital Assets Change in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows (Inflows): Tuition and Fees Receivables (net) Other Receivables Inventories Prepaid Expenses Net College OPEB-Related Deferred Outflows/Inflows Net CIP OPEB-Related Deferred Outflows/Inflows Pension Related Deferred Outflows Net OPEB Liability	34,840,241 (48,630,290) 11,737,522 2,975,877 1,000 (139,420) 672,098 (2,356) (16,766) 552,227 59,964 6,294 (1,265,366)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: On-Behalf - SURS & CIP Depreciation Expense Loss on Disposed Capital Assets Change in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows (Inflows): Tuition and Fees Receivables (net) Other Receivables Inventories Prepaid Expenses Net College OPEB-Related Deferred Outflows/Inflows Net CIP OPEB-Related Deferred Outflows/Inflows Pension Related Deferred Outflows Net OPEB Liability Accounts Payable	34,840,241 (48,630,290) 11,737,522 2,975,877 1,000 (139,420) 672,098 (2,356) (16,766) 552,227 59,964 6,294 (1,265,366) (573,131)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: On-Behalf - SURS & CIP Depreciation Expense Loss on Disposed Capital Assets Change in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows (Inflows): Tuition and Fees Receivables (net) Other Receivables Inventories Prepaid Expenses Net College OPEB-Related Deferred Outflows/Inflows Net CIP OPEB-Related Deferred Outflows/Inflows Pension Related Deferred Outflows Net OPEB Liability Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses	34,840,241 (48,630,290) 11,737,522 2,975,877 1,000 (139,420) 672,098 (2,356) (16,766) 552,227 59,964 6,294 (1,265,366) (573,131) (306,077)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: On-Behalf - SURS & CIP Depreciation Expense Loss on Disposed Capital Assets Change in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows (Inflows): Tuition and Fees Receivables (net) Other Receivables Inventories Prepaid Expenses Net College OPEB-Related Deferred Outflows/Inflows Net CIP OPEB-Related Deferred Outflows/Inflows Pension Related Deferred Outflows Net OPEB Liability Accounts Payable	34,840,241 (48,630,290) 11,737,522 2,975,877 1,000 (139,420) 672,098 (2,356) (16,766) 552,227 59,964 6,294 (1,265,366) (573,131)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2022  Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: On-Behalf - SURS & CIP Depreciation Expense Loss on Disposed Capital Assets Change in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows (Inflows): Tuition and Fees Receivables (net) Other Receivables Inventories Prepaid Expenses Net College OPEB-Related Deferred Outflows/Inflows Net CIP OPEB-Related Deferred Outflows/Inflows Pension Related Deferred Outflows Net OPEB Liability Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses Deferred Tuition and Fees	34,840,241 (48,630,290) 11,737,522 2,975,877 1,000 (139,420) 672,098 (2,356) (16,766) 552,227 59,964 6,294 (1,265,366) (573,131) (306,077) 85,601

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

John A. Logan College, Community College District No. 530 (the College) is organized under the Illinois Public Community College Act with partial funding by the Illinois Community College Board. The College encompasses parts of five counties in Southern Illinois.

The accounting policies of the College conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to colleges and universities as well as those prescribed by the Illinois Community College Board (ICCB). The College reports are based on all applicable Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies followed by the College.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements include all entities for which the elected, eight-member Board of Trustees of the College has financial accountability.

The College has developed criteria to determine whether other entities are component units of the College. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the College are financially accountable. The College would be considered financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will (significantly influence the programs, projects, activities, or level of services performed or provided by the organization) on the organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the College (i.e., entitled to or can access the organization's resources, is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance deficits of, or provide financial support to the organization, or is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization). If an organization is fiscally dependent on the College, the College is considered financially accountable regardless of whether the organization has (1) a separately elected governing board, (2) a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or (3) a jointly appointed board.

Additionally, organizations that raise and hold economic resources for the direct benefit of the College are considered to be component units.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the following organization is considered to be a component unit and is discretely presented in the basic financial statements.

The John A. Logan College Foundation (the Foundation) is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the College. The Foundation acts primarily as a fundraising organization to supplement the resources that are available to the College. The Foundation is governed by a separate board of directors and consists of graduates and friends of the College. Although the College does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the resources, or income thereon, which the Foundation holds and invests are restricted for the benefit of the College, its students, and its programs. Because the restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the College, the Foundation is considered to be a component unit of the College.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### A. Reporting Entity (Concluded)

The Foundation is a private nonprofit organization that reports its financial results under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements. Most significant to the Foundation's operations and reporting model is FASB Accounting Standards Codification 958-205, *Presentation of Financial Statements for Not-For-Profit Entities*. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation differ from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information in the College's financial reporting entity for these differences; however, significant note disclosures (see Component Unit Note within Note 1) to the Foundation's financial statements have been incorporated into the College's notes to the financial statements.

Separate financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained from the Foundation office at 700 Logan College Drive, Carterville, IL 62918.

#### B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

As a public institution, the College is considered a special-purpose government under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 34. The College records revenue in part from tuition, fees, and other charges for services to external users, and, accordingly, has chosen to present its financial statements using the reporting model for special-purpose governments engaged in business-type activities. This model allows for all financial information of the College to be reported in a single column in each of the financial statements, accompanied by separate column for its discretely presented component unit. All significant internal activity between funds has been eliminated from these financial statements.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Revenues from exchange transactions are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Intergovernmental revenues, such as federal, state, and local grants, and state shared revenues generally meet the definition of non-exchange transactions and are accounted for as non-operating revenues, with the exception of intergovernmental revenues used for capital assets which are accounted for as capital contributions. Revenue from these sources is recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the College must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the College on a reimbursement basis. Receivables are reported for these amounts for which revenue has been recognized but the related payments have not been received.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Concluded)

Property tax revenues are reported in accordance with National Council on Governmental Accounting (NCGA) Interpretation No. 3, Revenue Recognition – Property Taxes, GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, and GASB Interpretation No. 5, Property Tax Revenue Recognition in Governmental Funds. Consequently, under the accrual basis of accounting, property tax revenue is recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Property tax receivables are reported when the College has an enforceable legal claim to the taxes, which is considered to be the lien date.

#### New Accounting Guidance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the College implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87 – *Leases*. GASB Statement No. 87 establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 did not have a significant impact on the financial statements of the College.

The accounting and reporting policies of the College conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to government units and Illinois community colleges. The GASB is the accepted standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting principles. These authoritative pronouncements are consistent with the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Illinois Community College Board (ICCB), as set forth in the ICCB Fiscal Management Manual. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

#### C. Budgets

Although the College adopts an expanded operational budget, the budget legally required by the Illinois Community College Board contains only a statement of cash on hand at the beginning of the fiscal year, an estimate of the cash expected to be received during such fiscal year from all sources, an estimate of the expenditures contemplated for such fiscal year, and a statement of the estimated cash expected to be on hand at the end of such year.

#### D. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of management's estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes deposits held at banks and small amounts of cash held for change funds. Cash equivalents include deposits held in the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund due to its liquidity and/or short-term nature.

The College's investment policy allows for cash deposits to be invested in accordance with those securities allowed for by statute. Chapter 122, Section 103.47 of the Illinois Public Community College Act and Chapter 85, Sections 901-907 of the Investment of the Public Funds Act allow current operating funds, special funds, interest and sinking funds, and other funds belonging to or in the custody of a community college, including restricted and non-restricted funds, to be invested in U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, the Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus, and the Illinois Treasurers' Investment Pool (Illinois Funds).

The Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the State of Illinois, Office of the Treasurer, which allows governments in the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Illinois Funds is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company. Illinois Funds does meet all the criteria in GASB Statement No. 79, paragraph 4, which allows the reporting of its investments at amortized cost. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for.

The College's investment policy reduces the risk related to cash deposits through requiring deposits in excess of the federally insured amount to be appropriately collateralized to the extent of 110% and such collateralization shall be evidenced by an approved written agreement.

#### F. Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash that is externally restricted to make debt service payments, or to purchase or construct capital or other noncurrent assets, is classified as noncurrent assets in the Statement of Net Position.

#### G. Receivables

Receivables consist of tuition and fee charges to students, auxiliary enterprise fees for services provided to students, faculty, and staff, the majority of each residing in Illinois, and property tax receivables. These receivables are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts, which is based on management's assessment of collectability of specific students' accounts and the aging of the accounts receivable. If the actual defaults are higher than the historical experience, management's estimates of the recoverability of amounts due could be adversely affected. All accounts, or portions thereof, deemed to be uncollectible or to require an excessive collection cost are written-off to the allowance for doubtful accounts.

Receivables also include amounts due from various state and federal granting agencies. These amounts are considered to be 100% collectible.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### H. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value on the first in, first out (FIFO) basis. Inventories represent items held for resale by the College's auxiliary enterprises.

#### I. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses represent current expenditures which benefit future periods.

#### J. Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, improvements to property, vehicles, and equipment. Capital assets are defined by the College as assets with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Certain assets have higher capitalization thresholds, including leasehold improvements of \$20,000, site of \$25,000, building improvements and site improvements of \$50,000, and buildings of \$100,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of an asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings and Improvements	50 Years
Leasehold Improvements	15 Years
Site Improvements	10 Years
Equipment	8 Years
Vehicles	5 Years
Computer Software	3 Years

#### K. Amortization of Debt Issuance Premiums

The College amortizes debt issuance premiums by the straight-line method over the period the related debt issue is outstanding. The debt premium is amortized by using the same interest rate as the related debt issue, and the current period amortization is shown as a decrease to current period interest expense. Bond issuance costs are expensed at the time debt is issued.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### L. Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources

Deferred outflows are defined under GASB Statement No. 63 as a consumption of net assets by the College that is applicable to a future reporting period and should be reported as having a similar impact on net position as assets. For the College, pension payments related to employees with federally funded positions and made subsequent to the pension liability measurement date are considered to be deferred outflows in accordance with GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date* — An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Changes in assumptions and differences between expected and actual experience of the College's other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans are considered to be deferred outflows. Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and actual contributions and its proportionate share of contributions to the plan relative to all employers is also considered to be a deferred outflow. Deferred outflows also include losses on debt refundings, which are amortized over the remaining life of the new debt, or refunded debt, whichever is shorter.

Deferred inflows of resources are defined under GASB Statement No. 63 as acquisitions of net assets that are applicable to a future reporting period and should be reported as having a similar impact on net position as liabilities. At June 30, 2022, deferred inflows of resources included tax levies accrued that are levied for use in the next fiscal year, student tuition and fees that were collected or accrued for the next academic year, and the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB investments.

#### M. Net Position

The College's net position is classified as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This represents the College's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted</u> – This represents assets/resources that are legally or contractually obligated to be spent in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties, reduced by liabilities and deferred inflow resources related to those assets. Sources of restricted revenue include federal, state, and private grants and contracts. Externally restricted funds may be utilized only in accordance with the purpose established by the source of such funds and are in contrast with unrestricted funds over which the Board of Trustees retains full control to use in achieving any of its institutional purposes. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the College's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources when they are needed.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This represents unrestricted assets/resources derived from student tuition and fees, state appropriations, and sales and services of educational departments and auxiliary enterprises. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the College and may be used at the discretion of the Board of Trustees to meet current expenses for any lawful purpose.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### N. Classification of Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenue includes activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions such as (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances, and (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises. Non-operating revenue includes activities that have the characteristics of non-exchange transactions, such as (1) local property taxes, (2) state appropriations, (3) most federal, state, and local grants and contracts and federal appropriations, and (4) gifts and contributions. Operating expenses are those expenses directly attributable to the operations of the College. Incidental expenses are classified as non-operating expenses.

#### O. Scholarship Discounts and Allowances

Student tuition and fee revenues, and certain other revenues from students, are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Scholarship discounts and allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the College, and the amount that is paid by students or third parties making payments on the students' behalf. Certain governmental grants, such as Pell grants, and other federal, state, or nongovernmental programs, are recorded as nonoperating revenues in the College's financial statements. To the extent that revenues from such programs are used to satisfy tuition and fees and other student charges, the College has recorded a scholarship discount and allowance.

#### P. Property Taxes

The 2021 property tax extension has been deferred to comply with GASB Statement No. 33 since it was levied to finance activities of the 2022/2023 academic year. In accordance with these guidelines, property tax revenue is to be recognized in the period the levy is intended to finance.

The College must file its tax levy ordinance by the last Tuesday in December of each year. The College's property tax is levied each year on all taxable real property located within the District. These taxes attach an enforceable lien on real property as of January 1 and are payable in two installments; due dates vary by county. The College receives significant property tax receipts from July through November.

#### Q. Federal Financial Assistance Programs

The College participates in federally funded PELL Grants, FSEOG Grants, and Federal Work-Study. Federal programs are audited in accordance with Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), *Federal Awarding Agency Regulatory Implementation of Office Management and Budget's Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, Audit of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, and the Compliance Supplement.* 

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### R. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the plan net position of the State Universities Retirement System (SURS or the System) and additions to/deductions from SURS plan net position has been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SURS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For financial reporting purposes, the State of Illinois (State) and its public universities and community colleges are under a special funding situation. A special funding situation exists when a non-employer entity (the State) is legally responsible for making contributions directly to a pension plan that is used to provide pensions to the employees of another entity (John A. Logan College) and the non-employer (the State) is the only entity with a legal obligation to make contributions directly to a pension plan. John A. Logan College recognizes its proportionate share of the State's pension expense relative to John A. Logan College's employees as non-operating revenue and pension expense, with the expense further allocated to the related function by employees.

#### **S.** Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the other postemployment benefits (OPEB) obligations, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and benefits expense, information about the net position of the OPEB plans and additions to and deductions from the OPEB plans' net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### T. Insurance Coverage

The College is exposed to various risks of loss including, but not limited to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To limit exposure to these risks, the College has obtained coverage from commercial insurance companies for all major programs: property, liability, and workmen's compensation. Expenditures and claims are recognized in the year in which they are notified of the loss. During the current fiscal year, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Also, there have been no settlements which have exceeded insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONCLUDED)

#### U. Component Unit

The Foundation is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

<u>Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions</u> – Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions.

<u>Net Assets With Donor Restrictions</u> – Net assets subject to donor (or certain grantor) imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. Donor-imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both.

#### V. Subsequent Events

The College has evaluated subsequent events through December 20, 2022, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount and bank balance of the College's deposits, which does not include petty cash of \$1,435 is as follows:

	Carrying	Bank
	Amount	Balance
Cash and Cash Equivalents:		
Cash Accounts	\$ 16,108,884	\$ 16,500,844
US Treasury Obligations	2,699,033	2,699,033
Illinois Funds Money Market Fund	16,032,324	16,035,653
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$ 34,840,241</u>	\$ 35,235,530
	Carrying Amount	Bank <u>Balance</u>
Current Assets:	, ,	
Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	, ,	
- v v v v - v - v - v - v - v	Amount	Balance
Cash and Cash Equivalents	Amount	Balance

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Custodial Credit Risk

With respect to deposits, custodial credit risk refers to the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the College's deposits may not be returned to it. The College's investment policy limits the exposure to deposit custodial credit risk by requiring all deposits in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurable limits to be secured by collateral and held at an independent, third-party institution, in the name of the College. As of June 30, 2022, the bank balances of the College's deposits with financial institutions were all fully insured or collateralized by securities pledged by the College's financial institution's agent in the College's name. There were no investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of investments will decrease as a result of an increase in interest rates. The College's investment policy does not limit the maturities of investments as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The Illinois Funds are measured at net asset value (NAV) amortized cost. There are no limitations on redemption frequency or redemption notice. Redemption frequency is daily and redemption notice period is one day.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the College will not recover its investments due to the ability of the counterparty to fulfill its obligation. Illinois statutes authorize the College to invest in obligations of the US Treasury and US Agencies, interest-bearing savings accounts, interest-bearing time deposits, money market mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (limited to US Government obligations), shares issued savings and loan associations (provided the investments are insured by the FSLIC, short term discount obligations issued by the FNMA), share accounts of certain credit unions, investments in the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund, and certain repurchase agreements.

The College is also authorized to invest in short-term obligations of corporations organized in the United States with assets exceeding \$500,000 if such obligations are rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by two or more standard rating services, the obligations mature within 180 days, no more than 1/3 of the total average balances from all funds available at the end of each month is invested in such obligations at any time, and such purchases do not exceed 10% of a corporation's outstanding obligations. Investments may be made only in banks, which are insured by the FDIC.

The College's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices. The College's investments in the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund were rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's at June 30, 2022.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONCLUDED)

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investment in any one single issuer. The College's investment policy limits the amount the College may invest in any one issuer to 75% of the College's total invested funds. The College is considered to have a concentration of credit risk of its investments if any one single issuer is greater than 5% of the total fixed income investments. At June 30, 2022, the College did not have a concentration of credit risk.

#### **NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS**

The following is a schedule of changes in capital asset categories for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The investment in capital assets is determined by reducing historical cost by accumulated depreciation.

	Primary Government/Business-Type Activity							
	Balance 07/01/21	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/22				
Historical Cost:								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Site	\$ 346,427	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 346,427				
Construction in Progress	287,658	1,438,987	(1,050)	1,725,595				
	634,085	1,438,987	(1,050)	2,072,022				
Other Capital Assets:								
Site Improvements	2,499,041	1,280,788	-	3,779,829				
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	94,986,066	-	-	94,986,066				
Equipment	11,526,780	815,157	(1,943,946)	10,397,991				
Other	16,500		(16,500)					
	109,028,387	2,095,945	(1,960,446)	109,163,886				
Total Capital Assets:	109,662,472	\$ 3,534,932	<u>\$ (1,961,496)</u>	111,235,908				
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Other Capital Assets:								
Site Improvements	1,364,478	\$ 206,359	\$ -	1,570,837				
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	38,856,457	1,847,064	-	40,703,521				
Equipment	8,201,164	922,454	(1,942,946)	7,180,672				
Other	16,500		(16,500)					
	48,438,599	<u>\$ 2,975,877</u>	<u>\$ (1,959,446)</u>	49,455,030				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 61,223,873			<u>\$ 61,780,878</u>				

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 4: ACCRUED EXPENSES**

Accrued expenses consisted of the following at June 30, 2022:

Accrued Payroll	\$ 1,637,838
Accrued Vacation	1,456,200
Accrued Benefits	210,355
Accrued Personal Leave	259,213
Accrued Expenses - Other	 164,055
•	\$ 3,727,661

#### NOTE 5: CHANGES IN GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the College for the year ended June 30, 2022:

June 30, 2022.				
	2014	201 CD	2017A	2017D
	2014	2016B	Refunding	2017B
	Bond Issue	Bond Issue	Bonds	Bond Issue
Debt Payable at July 1, 2021	\$ 810,000	\$ 3,635,000	\$ 13,265,000	\$ 3,345,000
Debt Issued	-	-	-	-
Debt Retired	(400,000)	(315,000)	-	(1,245,000)
Debt Refunded	<u>-</u>			
Debt Payable at June 30, 2022	\$ 410,000	\$ 3,320,000	\$ 13,265,000	\$ 2,100,000
Due Within One Year	\$ 410,000	\$ 325,000	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,370,000
		Bobcat		Total
	2020A	Financing		Long-Term
	Bond Issue	Lease		Debt
Debt Payable at July 1, 2021	\$ 10,160,000	\$ -		\$ 31,215,000
Debt Issued	-	69,868		69,868
Debt Retired	(1,945,000)	(16,165)		(3,921,165)
Debt Refunded				
Debt Payable at June 30, 2022	\$ 8,215,000	\$ 53,703		\$ 27,363,703
Due Within One Year	\$ 2,020,000	<u>\$ 16,395</u>		<u>\$ 4,141,395</u>

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

The following are descriptions of the bond and financing lease issues and the debt service requirements to maturity:

Taxable General Obligation Community College Bonds, Series 2014

Dated: November 20, 2014

Maturity Date: December 1, 2022

Total Issue: \$3,000,000

Principal Paid Annually on December 1

Interest Paid Semi-Annually on December 1 and June 1, beginning on December 1, 2015

Interest Rate: 2.00% - 3.00%

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>		I:	nterest	 Total
2023	\$	410,000	\$	6,150	\$ 416,150

Taxable General Obligation Community College Bonds, Series 2016B

Dated: February 29, 2016

Maturity Date: December 1, 2030

Total Issue: \$5,035,000

Principal Paid Annually on December 1

Interest Paid Semi-Annually on December 1 and June 1, beginning on December 1, 2016

Interest Rate: 3.00% - 3.75%

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Principal</u> <u>Interest</u>		Interest	<u> </u>		
2023	\$	325,000	\$	105,085	\$	430,085		
2024		335,000		95,185		430,185		
2025		345,000		84,985		429,985		
2026		355,000		74,485		429,485		
2027		365,000		63,229		429,229		
2028 - 2031		1,595,000		119,309		1,714,309		
	\$	3,320,000	\$	542,278	\$	3,862,278		

On December 7, 2015, the College issued Taxable General Obligation Community College Bonds (Alternate Revenue Source), Series 2015, which created an obligation against the College in order to create a tax levy. \$4,910,000 was the bond issue, of which \$81,525 was bond issuance costs, and \$4,897,500 was deposited in College funds. The bonds were then called and redeemed with proceeds of the Tax General Obligation Community College Bonds, Series 2016B above. The money is restricted for making future OPEB contributions.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 5: CHANGES IN GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Community College Bonds, Series 2017A

Dated: April 25, 2017

Maturity Date: December 1, 2029

Total Issue: \$13,265,000

Principal Paid Annually on December 1

Interest Paid Semi-Annually on December 1 and June 1, beginning on December 1, 2018

Interest Rate: 3.25% - 5.00%

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u> <u>Interest</u>		Interest	Total
2023	\$ -	\$	641,025	\$ 641,025
2024	1,190,000		611,275	1,801,275
2025	1,950,000		532,775	2,482,775
2026	2,050,000		432,775	2,482,775
2027	2,155,000		327,650	2,482,650
2028 - 2030	5,920,000		338,688	6,258,688
	<u>\$ 13,265,000</u>	\$	2,884,188	\$ 16,149,188

On April 25, 2017, the College issued General Obligation Bonds with an interest rate ranging from 3.25% to 5.00% to advance refund \$14.6 million of outstanding 2007 Government Obligation Bonds with an interest rate ranging from 3.8% to 5.0%. The net proceeds of \$13.3 million (after payment of \$235,620 in issuance costs) plus an additional \$255,648 of College funds were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 2007 General Obligation Bonds. As a result, a portion of the 2007 General Obligation Bonds is considered to be defeased.

Taxable General Obligation Community College Bonds, Series 2017B

Dated: April 25, 2017

Maturity Date: December 1, 2023

Total Issue: \$5,500,000

Principal Paid Annually on December 1

Interest Paid Semi-Annually on December 1 and June 1, beginning on December 1, 2018

Interest Rate: 2.05% - 3.04%

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	 Total
2023	\$ 1,370,000	\$ 42,468	\$ 1,412,468
2024	730,000	11,096	741,096
	<u>\$ 2,100,000</u>	<u>\$ 53,564</u>	\$ 2,153,564

On April 25, 2017, the College issued Taxable General Obligation Community College Bonds, Series 2017B to increase the working cash fund of the College and debt issuance. \$5,576,877 was the bond issue, of which \$76,577 was bond issuance costs, with \$5,500,000 deposited into the Working Cash Fund.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 5: CHANGES IN GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Taxable General Obligation Community College Bonds, Series 2020A

Dated: December 29, 2020

Maturity Date: December 1, 2025

Total Issue: \$10,160,000

Principal Paid Annually on December 1

Interest Paid Semi-Annually on December 1 and June 1, beginning on December 1, 2021

Interest Rate: 1.15%

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Principal</u> <u>Interest</u>		<u>Principal</u> <u>Interest</u>		 Total
2023	\$ 2,020,000	\$	82,858	\$ 2,102,858		
2024	2,040,000		59,512	2,099,512		
2025	2,065,000		35,909	2,100,909		
2026	2,090,000		12,017	 2,102,017		
	\$ 8,215,000	\$	190,296	\$ 8,405,296		

On December 29, 2020, the College issued General Obligation Community College Bonds, Series 2020A, which created an obligation against the College in order to pay off the General Obligation (Limited Tax) Debt Certificates, Series 2020A-D. \$10,160,000 was the bond issue, of which \$98,235 was bond issuance costs, \$10,058,184 paid off the Debt Certificates, and \$3,581 was deposited in College funds.

Wells Fargo Bobcat Financing Lease

Dated: December 1, 2020

Maturity Date: December 1, 2023

Lease Amount: \$69,868 Lease Term: 36 months Interest Rate: 4.23%

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Pr</u>	rincipal	Interest	 Total
2023	\$	16,395	\$ 652	\$ 17,047
2024		37,308	 239	 37,547
	\$	53,703	\$ 891	\$ 54,894

For the year ended June 30, 2022, \$836,186 was recognized as interest expense in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. Interest expense is net of amortization of bond premium in the amount of \$166,732.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 5: CHANGES IN GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (CONCLUDED)

At June 30, 2022, the College's future cash flow requirements of long-term debt obligations by fiscal year were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		]	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2023		\$	4,141,395	\$ 878,238	\$ 5,019,633
2024			4,332,308	777,307	5,109,615
2025			4,360,000	653,669	5,013,669
2026			4,495,000	519,277	5,014,277
2027			2,520,000	390,879	2,910,879
2028 - 2031			7,515,000	 457,996	 7,972,996
			27,363,703	\$ 3,677,366	\$ 34,041,069
	<b>Unamortized Bond Premium</b>		1,198,282		
		\$	28,561,985		

#### NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

#### Plan Description

John A. Logan College, Community College District No. 530 contributes to the State Universities Retirement System of Illinois (SURS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation whereby the State of Illinois (the State) makes substantially all actuarially determined required contributions on behalf of the participating employers. SURS was established July 21, 1941, to provide retirement annuities and other benefits for staff members and employees of state universities, certain affiliated organizations, and certain other state educational and scientific agencies and for survivors, dependents, and other beneficiaries of such employees. SURS is considered a component unit of the State's financial reporting entity and is included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) as a pension trust fund. SURS is governed by Chapter 40, Act 5, Article 15 of the *Illinois Compiled Statutes*. SURS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by accessing the website at <a href="https://www.SURS.org">www.SURS.org</a>.

### Benefits Provided

A traditional benefit plan was established in 1941. Public Act 90-0448 enacted effective January 1, 1998, established an alternative defined benefit program known as the portable benefit package. The traditional and portable plan Tier 1 refers to members that began participation prior to January 1, 2011. Public Act 96-0889 revised the traditional and portable benefit plans for members who began participation on or after January 1, 2011, and who do not have other eligible reciprocal system service. The revised plan is referred to as Tier 2. New employees are allowed six months after their date of hire to make an irrevocable election whether to participate in either the traditional or portable benefit plans. A summary of the benefit provisions as of June 30, 2021 can be found in SURS CAFR's Notes to the Financial Statements.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### **Contributions**

The State is primarily responsible for funding the System on behalf of the individual employers at an actuarially determined amount. Public Act 88-0593 provides a Statutory Funding Plan consisting of two parts: (i) a ramp-up period from 1996 to 2010 and (ii) a period of contributions equal to a level percentage of the payroll of active members within SURS to reach 90% of the total Actuarial Accrued Liability by the end of Fiscal Year 2045. Employer contributions from "trust, federal, and other funds" are provided under Section 15-155(b) of the Illinois Pension Code and require employers to pay contributions which are sufficient to cover the accruing normal costs on behalf of applicable employees. The employer normal cost for fiscal year 2021 and fiscal year 2022, respectively, was 12.70% and 12.32% of employee payroll. The normal cost is equal to the value of current year's pension benefit and does not include any allocation for the past unfunded liability or interest on the unfunded liability. Plan members are required to contribute 8.0% of their annual covered salary except for police officers and fire fighters who contribute 9.5% of their earnings. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the State's General Assembly.

Participating employers make contributions toward separately financed specific liabilities under Section 15.139.5(e) of the Illinois Pension Code (relating to contributions payable due to the employment of "affected annuitants" or specific return to work annuitants), Section 15.155(g) (relating to contributions payable due to earning increases exceeding 6% during the final rate of earnings period), and Section 15-155(j-5) (relating to contributions payable due to earnings exceeding the salary set for the Governor).

<u>Pension Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) was measured as of June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2021, SURS reported a net pension liability (NPL) of \$28,528,477,079.

Employer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

The amount of the proportionate share of the net pension liability to be recognized for the College is \$0. The proportionate share of the State's net pension liability associated with the College is \$143,278,856 or 0.5022%. John A. Logan College's proportionate share changed by (0.0000%) from 0.5022% since the last measurement date on June 30, 2020. This amount should not be recognized in the College's financial statements. The net pension liability and total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined based on the June 30, 2020 actuarial evaluation rolled forward. The basis of allocation used in the proportionate share of the net pension liability is the actual reported pensionable contributions made to SURS during fiscal year 2021.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions (Continued)

Pension Expense

For the year ending June 30, 2021, SURS defined benefit plan reported a collective net pension expense of \$2,342,460,058.

Employer Proportionate Share of Pension Expense

The employer proportionate share of collective pension expense is recognized as nonoperating revenue with matching operating expense (compensation and benefits) in the financial statements. The basis of allocation used in the proportionate share of collective pension expense is the actual reported pensionable contributions made to SURS during fiscal year 2020. As a result, the College recognized revenue and pension expense of \$11,764,561 from this special funding situation during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Deferred outflows of resources are the consumption of net position by SURS that is applicable to future reporting periods. Conversely, deferred inflows of resources are the acquisition of net position by SURS that is applicable to future reporting periods.

SURS Collective Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	113,467,689	•	of Resources
•	Ψ	, ,	Ψ	-
Changes in assumptions		776,968,084		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments				2,283,514,660
Total	\$	890,435,773	\$	2,283,514,660

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions (Concluded)

SURS Collective Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Year to be Recognized in Future Pension Expenses:

	Net
	Deferred Outflows
	of Resources
Years ending June 30,	_
2022	\$ 34,095,451
2023	(197,005,703)
2024	(538,343,058)
2025	(691,825,577)
2026	-
Thereafter	 
Total	\$ (1,393,078,887)

#### Employer Deferral of Fiscal Year 2022 Contributions

The College paid \$149,463 in federal, trust or grant contributions to SURS defined benefit pension plan during the year ended June 30, 2022. These contributions were made subsequent to the pension liability measurement date of June 30, 2021, and are recognized as deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2022.

### Assumptions and Other Inputs

# Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2020. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases 3.00% to 12.75%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.50% beginning with the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 employee and retiree gender district tables with projected generational mortality and a separate mortality assumption for disabled participants.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return were adopted by the plan's trustees after considering input from the plan's investment consultant(s) and actuary(s). For each major asset class that is included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Traditional Growth – Global Public Equity	41.0%	6.30%
Stabilized Growth		
Credit Fixed Income	14.0%	1.82%
Core Real Assets	5.0%	3.92%
Options Strategies	6.0%	4.20%
Non-Traditional Growth		
Private Equity	7.5%	10.45%
Non-Core Real Assets	2.5%	8.83%
Inflation Sensitive – US TIPS	6.0%	(0.22%)
<b>Principal Protection</b> – Core Fixed Income	8.0%	(0.81%)
Crisis Risk Offset		
Systematic Trend Following	3.5%	3.45%
Alternative Risk Premia	3.0%	2.30%
Long Duration	3.5%	0.91%
Total	100%	4.43%
Inflation		2.25%
<b>Expected Arithmetic Return</b>		6.68%

#### Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.12% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.50% and a municipal bond rate of 1.92% (based on the Fidelity 20-Year Municipal GO AA Index as of June 30, 2021). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate were the amounts of contributions attributable to current plan members and assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the statutory contribution rates under SURS funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments through the year 2075. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2075, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONCLUDED)

Assumptions and Other Inputs (Concluded)

Sensitivity of SURS Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the State's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.12%, as well as what the State's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point-higher:

	Curre	ent Single Discount		
1% Decrease	R	ate Assumption		1% Increase
5.12%		6.12%		7.12%
\$ 35,000,704,353	\$	28,528,477,079	\$	23,155,085,730

Additional information regarding the SURS basic financial statements, including the plan's net position, can be found in the SURS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report by accessing the website at <a href="https://www.SURS.org">www.SURS.org</a>.

#### NOTE 7: DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

#### Plan Description

The College contributes to the Retirement Savings Plan (RSP) administered by the State Universities Retirement System (SURS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined contribution pension plan with a special funding situation whereby the State of Illinois (State) makes substantially all required contributions on behalf of the participating employers. SURS was established July 21, 1941, to provide retirement annuities and other benefits for staff members and employees of state universities, certain affiliated organizations, and certain other state educational and scientific agencies and for survivors, dependents, and other beneficiaries of such employees. SURS is governed by Chapter 40, Act 5, Article 15 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes. SURS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by accessing the website at www.SURS.org. The RSP and its benefit terms were established and may be amended by the State's General Assembly.

#### Benefits Provided

A defined contribution pension plan, originally called the Self-Managed Plan, was added to SURS benefit offerings as a result of Public Act 90-0448 enacted effective January 1, 1998. The plan was renamed the RSP effective September 1, 2020, after an extensive plan redesign. New employees are allowed six months after their date of hire to make an irrevocable election whether to participate in either the traditional or portable defined benefit pension plans or the RSP. A summary of the benefit provisions as of June 30, 2021, can be found in SURS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report- Notes to the Financial Statements.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 7: DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN (CONCLUDED)

#### **Contributions**

All employees who have elected to participate in the RSP are required to contribute 8.0% of their annual covered earnings. Section 15-158.2(h) of the Illinois Pension Code provides for an employer contribution to the RSP of 7.6% of employee earnings. The State is primarily responsible for contributing to the RSP on behalf of the individual employers. Employers are required to make the 7.6% contribution for employee earnings paid from "trust, federal, and other funds" as described in Section 15-155(b) of the Illinois Pension Code. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers were established and may be amended by the State's General Assembly.

#### **Forfeitures**

Employees are not vested in employer contributions to the RSP until they have attained five years of service credit. Should an employee leave SURS-covered employment with less than five years of service credit, the portion of the employee's RSP account designated as employer contributions is forfeited.

Employees who later return to SURS-covered employment will have these forfeited employer contributions reinstated to their account, so long as the employee's own contributions remain in the account. Forfeited employer contributions are managed by SURS and are used both to reinstate previously forfeited contributions and to fund a portion of the State's contributions on behalf of the individual employers. The vesting and forfeiture provisions of the RSP were established and may be amended by the State's General Assembly.

#### **Pension Expense Related to Defined Contribution Pensions**

#### Defined Contribution Pension Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the State's contributions to the RSP on behalf of individual employers totaled \$76,280,832. Of this amount, \$70,403,460 was funded via an appropriation from the State and \$5,877,372 was funded from previously forfeited contributions.

### Employer Proportionate Share of Defined Contribution Pension Expense

The employer proportionate share of collective defined contribution pension expense is recognized as nonoperating revenue with matching operating expense (compensation and benefits) in the financial statements. The basis of allocation used in the proportionate share of collective defined contribution pension expense is the actual reported pensionable contributions made to the RSP during fiscal year 2021. The College's share of pensionable contributions was 0.1515%. As a result, the College recognized revenue and defined contribution pension expense of \$115,541 from this special funding situation during the year ended June 30, 2022, of which \$8,902 constituted forfeitures.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 8: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

The College participates in two postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans: the State of Illinois' College Insurance Program (CIP) and an OPEB plan provided by the College.

### A. State of Illinois' College Insurance Program

#### Plan Description

The College contributes to the Community College Health Insurance Security Fund (CCHISF) (also known as the College Insurance Program "CIP") that was established under the State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971, as amended, 5 ILCS 375/6.9(f), which became effective July 1, 1999. The CIP is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB Trust Fund, which has a special funding situation as described in 40 ILCS 15/1.4. A non-employer (the State) is required by statute to contribute a defined percentage of participant payroll directly to the OPEB plan, which is administered through the trust.

CIP has no component units and is not a component unit of any other entity. However, because CIP is not legally separate from the State of Illinois, the financials statements of the CIP are included in the financial statements of the State of Illinois as a pension (and other employee benefit) trust fund. This fund is a non-appropriated trust fund held outside the State Treasury, with the State Treasurer as custodian. Additions deposited into the Trust are for the sole purpose of providing health benefits to retirees, as established under the plan and associated administrative cost.

#### Benefits Provided

Through the trust the State provides health, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. Substantially all State employees become eligible for post-employment benefits if they eventually become annuitants of one of the State sponsored pension plans. Health, dental and vision benefits include basic benefits for annuitants and their dependents under the State's self-insurance plan and insurance contracts currently in force. Annuitants may be required to contribute towards health, dental, and vision benefits with the amount based on factors such as date of retirement, years of credited service with the State, whether the annuitant is covered by Medicare, and whether the annuitant has chosen a managed health care plan. Annuitants who retired prior to January 1, 1998, and who are vested in the State Employees' Retirement System do not contribute towards health, dental, and vision benefits. For annuitants who retire on or after January 1, 1998, the annuitant's contribution amount is reduced five percent for each year of credited service with the State allowing those annuitants with twenty or more years of credited service to not have to contribute towards health, dental, and vision benefits. Annuitants also receive life insurance coverage equal to the annual salary of the last day of employment until age 60, at which time the benefit becomes \$5,000.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 8: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

A. State of Illinois' College Insurance Program (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Concluded)

The State pays for a portion of the employer costs for the benefits provided. The total cost of the State's portion of the health, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits of all members, including post-employment health, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits, is recognized as an expenditure by the State in the Illinois Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The State finances the costs on a pay-as-you-go basis. The total costs incurred for health, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits are not separated by department or component unit for annuitants and their dependents nor active employees and the dependents.

A summary of post-employment benefit provision, changes in benefit provisions, employee eligibility requirements including eligibility for vesting, and the authority under which benefit provisions are established are included as an integral part of the financial statements of the Department of Central Management Services. A copy of the financial statements of the Department of Central Management Services, may be obtained by writing to the Department of Central Management Services, Stratton Office Building, 401 South Spring Street, Springfield, IL 62706.

#### **Contributions**

The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375/6.10) requires every active contributor of the State Universities Retirement System (SURS), who is a full-time employee of a community college district or an association of community college boards, to make contributions to the plan at the rate of 0.5% of salary. The same section of statute requires every community college district or association of community college boards that is an employer under the SURS, to contribute to the plan an amount equal to 0.5% of the salary paid to its full-time employees who participate in the plan. The State Pension Funds Continuing Appropriation Act (40 ILCS15/1.4) requires the State to make an annual appropriation to the fund in an amount certified by the SURS Board of Trustees. The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375/6.9) requires the Director of the Department to determine the rates and premiums for annuitants and dependent beneficiaries and establish the cost-sharing parameter, as well as funding. At the option of the board of trustees, the college districts may pay all or part of the balance of the cost of coverage for retirees from the district. Administrative costs are paid by the CIP. At June 30, 2022, the College's policy was not to subsidize health insurance premiums of their retirees.

Employers participating in a cost-sharing OPEB plan, and any non-employer contributing entities that meet the definition of a special funding situation, are required to recognize their proportionate share of the collective OPEBs amounts for the OPEB benefits provided to members through the CIP plan. During fiscal year 2022, the College recognized OPEB contributions of \$92,291.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 8: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

#### A. State of Illinois' College Insurance Program (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2021, the CIP reported a net OPEB liability of \$1,735,532,863.

At June 30, 2022, the College reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability that is reflected as a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the College. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The College's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the College's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of the College, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the College's proportion was \$17,270,036 (0.995086%), which was an increase of 0.016817% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020 of \$17,831,530 (0.978269%). The State's support and total are for disclosure purposes only. The amount recognized by the College as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the College were as follow:

College's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 17,270,036
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	
associated with the employer	 17,270,036
	\$ 34,540,072

For the year ending June 30, 2022, the College recognized OPEB revenue and expense of (\$142,580) for support provided on-behalf by the State. At June 30, 2022, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 109,291	\$ (1,262,235)
Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	-	(3,299,123)
earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	(498)
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	544,365	(577,894)
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in expense in future periods	653,656	(5,139,750)
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	92,291	-
Total	\$ 745,947	\$ (5,139,750)
measurement date	\$ 	\$ (5,139,75

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 8: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

#### A. State of Illinois' College Insurance Program (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Concluded)

The College reported \$92,291 as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability for the measurement period ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to CIP will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

		Net		
	Ι	Deferred Inflows of		
		Resources		
Years ending June 30,				
2022	\$	(1,334,387)		
2023		(954,413)		
2024		(1,130,345)		
2025		(904,294)		
2026		(162,655)		
Total	\$	(4,486,094)		

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement date, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	Depends on service and ranges from 12.25% at less than 1 year of
	service to 3.25% at 34 or more years of service. Salary increase
	includes a 3.25% wage inflation assumption
Investment rate of return	0%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation, for all plan years.
TT 1:1	1 •
Healthcare cost trend rates	Actual trend used for fiscal year 2022. For fiscal years on and after
	2023, trend starts at 8.00% for non-Medicare cost and post-Medicare
	costs, and gradually decreases to an ultimate trend of 4.25%.

Mortality rates for retirement and beneficiary annuitants were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Annuitant Mortality Table. For disabled annuitants, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Table. Mortality rates for pre-retirement annuitants were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Table. Tables were adjusted for SURS experience. All tables reflect future mortality improvements using Projection Scale MP-2017.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 8: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

#### A. State of Illinois' College Insurance Program (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Concluded)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period June 30, 2014 to June 30, 2018.

Projected benefit payments were discounted to their actuarial present values using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met). Since the CIP fund is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis, a discount rate consistent with fixed-income municipal bonds with 20-years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity's index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" has been selected. The discount rates are 1.92% as of June 30, 2021, and 2.45% as of June 30, 2020. The decrease in the single discount rate from 2.45% to 1.92% caused the College's total OPEB liability to decrease by \$561,494 from 2020 to 2021.

The actuarial valuation was based on the Entry Age Normal cost method. Under this method, the normal cost and actuarial accrued liability are directly proportional to the employee's salary. The normal cost rate equals the present value of future benefits at entry age divided by the present value of the future salary at entry age. The normal cost at the member's attained age equals the normal cost rate at entry age multiplied by the salary at attained age. The actuarial accrued liability equals the present value of the benefits at attained age less present value of future salaries at attained age multiplied by normal cost rate at entry age.

During the plan year ending June 30, 2021, the collective trust earned \$5,000 in interest and due to the significant benefit payable, the market value of assets at June 30, 2021, is a negative \$104.0 million. Given the significant benefit payable, negative asset value and pay-as-you-go funding policy, the long-term expected rate of return assumptions was set to zero.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Single Discount Rate

The following table presents the College's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021, calculated using a single discount rate of 1.92% as well as what the College's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (0.92%) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.92%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease 0.92%		Currei	nt Discount Rate 1.92%	1% Increase 2.92%		
Employer's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	19,675,655	\$	17,270,036	\$	15,192,580	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 8: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

#### A. State of Illinois' College Insurance Program (Concluded)

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following table presents the College's collective net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the College's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point higher or lower, than the current healthcare cost trend rates. The key trend rates are 8.00% in 2023 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% in 2038:

	Healthcare Cost					
	19	% Decrease	7	Trend Rates	1	% Increase
		(a)	A	ssumptions		<i>(b)</i>
Employer's proportionate share of						
the collective net OPEB liability	\$	14,230,243	\$	17,270,036	\$	21,341,239

<sup>(</sup>a) One percentage point decrease in healthcare trend rates is 7.00% in 2023 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.25% in 2038.

#### Payable to the OPEB Plan

The College had no outstanding contributions payable to the CIP plan for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# Request for information

The State of Illinois' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report may be obtained by writing to the State Comptroller's office, Division of Financial Reporting, 325 West Adams Street, Springfield, Illinois, 62704-1871.

#### B. John A. Logan College Single Employer Defined Benefit Postemployment Benefit Healthcare Plan

#### Retirees' Health Insurance Reimbursement

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 7, the College provides a subsidy to eligible retirees to bring their cost of health insurance to current active employee levels. Eligibility is based on board policy or the applicable union contract, depending on the employee group. At the death of a retired employee, coverage will be extended to the spouse if previously covered. Retirees from the College will qualify for health insurance coverage under the College Insurance Program (Plan) offered through the State office of Central Management Services. Qualifying individuals receive reimbursement of varying amounts from the College in order to keep retirees' net contributions equal to the contribution of a current active employee with similar coverage. The College finances the Plan on a pay-as-you go basis.

<sup>(</sup>b) One percentage point increase in healthcare trend rates is 9.00% in 2023 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.25% in 2038.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 8: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

# B. <u>John A. Logan College Single Employer Defined Benefit Postemployment Benefit Healthcare Plan</u> (Continued)

Employees Covered by the Benefit Term

As of June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit term:

Active employees	110
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits	-
Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	100
Total	210

#### Total OPEB Liability

The College's total OPEB liability of \$5,275,645 was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, rolled forward to June 30, 2022.

# Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary rate increase	4.00%
Discount rate	4.09%

Healthcare cost trend rates 5.50%, managed care option, 5.50% CCHP option for

2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% for 2037

and later years

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs Same as healthcare trend

Since the Plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis, a long-term rate of return was not used, and the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was a 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond index rate. The discount rate was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High-Grade Rate Index as of June 30, 2022. The discount rate as of June 30, 2022 was 4.09%, which was an increase from the June 30, 2021 rate of 1.91%.

Mortality rates were based on the PubT.H-2010 Mortality Table for males and females, as appropriate.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 8: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

# B. <u>John A. Logan College Single Employer Defined Benefit Postemployment Benefit Healthcare Plan</u> (Continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$ 5,979,517
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	9,148
Interest	127,088
Changes of Benefit Terms	31,247
Difference between expected and actual experience	188,844
Changes in assumptions and other inputs	(760,638)
Benefit payments	(299,561)
Other changes	-
Net changes	(703,872)
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$ 5,275,645

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and the healthcare cost trend rates.

The table below presents the OPEB liability of the College calculated using a discount rate of 2.18% as well as what the College's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.18%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.18%) than the current rate:

				Current		
		1% Decrease Discount Rate 3.09% 4.09%		1% Increase 5.09%		
Employer's proportionate share of						
the collective net OPEB liability	\$	5,862,803	\$	5,275,645	\$	4,781,787

The table below presents the College's OPEB liability, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the College's OPEB liability would be it if were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point higher or lower, than the current healthcare cost trend rates. The key trend rates are 5.50%, managed care option, and 5.50%, CCHP option, decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.50% in 2037:

			He	althcare Cost	
			T	rend Rates	
	1% Decrease (a) Assumptions		ssumptions	1% Increase (b)	
Employer's proportionate share of	'			<u>.                                      </u>	
the collective net OPEB liability	\$	4,778,378	\$	5,275,645	5,856,631
		39			

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 8: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONCLUDED)

B. <u>John A. Logan College Single Employer Defined Benefit Postemployment Benefit Healthcare Plan</u> (Concluded)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (Concluded)

- (a) One percentage point decrease in healthcare trend rates is 4.50%, managed care option, and 4.50%, CCHP option, in 2021 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.50% in 2037.
- (b) One percentage point increase in healthcare trend rates is 7.00%, managed care option, and 6.50%, CCHP option, in 2021 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 6.50% in 2037.

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the College recognized OPEB expense of \$147,916. At June 30, 2022, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	118,073	\$ -
Changes in assumptions		311,896	(723,538)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-	-
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in expense in future periods	\$	429,969	\$ (723,538)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Net
Deferred Inflows of
 Resources
\$ (150,342)
(143,227)
\$ (293,569)
\$ \$

#### NOTE 9: INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT

In September 2017, the College entered into an educational partnership agreement (Community College Education Agreement) with 36 other Illinois community colleges to provide additional educational programs to the citizens of each district. The cooperating institutions in this agreement will be treated as in district in relation to admission policies for their programs. Colleges sending students to any receiving cooperating institution will no longer pay chargebacks to the receiving college.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 10: SIH EDUCATIONAL AGREEMENT AND PEPSI AGREEMENT

SIH

On November 30, 2011, the College entered into an educational partnership agreement with Southern Illinois Hospital Services (SIH) with the goal of improving the health outcome and health status of the region. As part of that agreement, SIH agreed to finish "Area 2" of the College's Communication Wing (approximately 6,000 square feet) to use for SIH's educational purposes at a cost of \$716,665 to SIH for the rights to reside within the space for a period of at least 10 years. After the 10-year period, SIH would then have the ability to renew the agreement if it is within their best interest to do so. As a result, the \$716,665 is being recognized as revenue over the ten-year period. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the College recognized \$29,861 as revenue with \$0 remaining as a deferred inflow of resources.

#### Pepsi

On October 23, 2018, the College entered into an agreement with Pepsi MidAmerica Co. (Pepsi) in which Pepsi will be the exclusive beverage and line snack provider for a period of 20 years. In accordance with the agreement, Pepsi made an upfront payment to the College for \$130,000 for the first two years of the agreement. Pepsi will then make payments of \$65,000 per year for years 3-20 of the agreement. The total monetary payments over the contract will be \$1,300,000. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the College recognized \$65,000 as revenue, accounts receivable of \$1,040,000, and \$1,040,000 as a deferred inflow of resources related to this contract.

#### NOTE 11: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### Federal and State Grants

The College has received a number of Federal and State grants from specific purposes which are subject to review and audit by grantor agencies. Such audits may result in requests for reimbursement to granting agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grants. Based on prior experience, College management believes that such disallowances, if any, will not be material.

#### Vacation and Personal Leave

As of June 30, 2022, employees had earned but not taken annual vacation and personal leave, which at salary rates in effect at the end of the year, totaled approximately \$1,456,200 and \$259,213, respectively. The College has accrued this liability.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 11: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS (CONCLUDED)

### Litigation

On October 17, 2022, the College was named the defendant in a lawsuit. The case is being handled by the College's liability insurance provider. Any estimated cost to the College is unknown at this time.

### Construction in Progress

At June 30, 2022, the College had construction project commitments totaling approximately \$7,754,900. These commitments are detailed below:

Approved prior to June 30, 2022:	
West entry elevator and mezzanine	\$ 84,900
G building & Logan practice facility roofs	132,200
Electronical system and transformer upgrades	198,300
Pedestrian pathway	802,900
Multi-use pathway with pedestrian bridge	15,000
West lobby expansion	1,230,600
Renovation of upper C wing and E wing lobby	575,000
CTE program consolidation renovation	4,200,000
Highway construction careers program building	20,000
Student services renovation and conference room	150,000
Cooling tower repairs – 2 units	100,000
Hoffard pond – drain and dredge, remove silt	100,000
Gym floor refinish	24,000
Logan Fitness sauna refinish	10,000
Physics lab flooring project	 25,000
	 7,667,900
Approved after June 30, 2022, but prior to report date:	 _
Power/conduit project for parking lot A	37,000
G218 remodel	50,000
	 87,000
Total construction commitments	\$ 7,754,900

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 13: DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

The Foundation's notes to the financial statements are as follows:

### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

John A. Logan College Foundation (the Foundation) is organized exclusively for educational and charitable purposes. The Foundation assists in developing and augmenting the facilities and carrying out the educational functions of John A. Logan College (the College).

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> – The financial statements of the Foundation have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and, accordingly, reflect all significant receivables, payables, and other liabilities. The Foundation has presented its assets and liabilities on its Statement of Financial Position in an unclassified manner, but in order of liquidity.

<u>Basis of Presentation</u> – The Foundation classifies its net assets, revenues, gains, and losses on the existence or absence of donor or grantor imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

*Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions* – Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions. The governing board has designated, from net assets without donor restrictions, net assets for various purposes, including quasi-endowments.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions – Net assets subject to donor (or certain grantor) imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. Donor-imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 13: DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT (CONTINUED)

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> – For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash equivalents consist of cash and highly-liquid short-term investments including money market account deposits with original maturity of three months or less from the date of purchase.

<u>Contributions</u> — Contributions, including unconditional pledges, are recognized in the appropriate category of net assets in the period received. Conditional pledges are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Contributions of assets other than cash are recorded at estimated fair value. Contributions to be received after one year are discounted and recorded at the present value using a risk-adjusted rate of return. Amortization of the discount is recorded as additional contribution revenue in accordance with donor-imposed restrictions, if any, on the contributions. There were no contributions to be received after one year at June 30, 2022. An allowance for uncollectible pledges is recognized based on historical experience, as necessary. No allowance for uncollectible pledges was recognized for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Contributions received in the same year in which the restriction is met are recorded as contributions with donor restrictions and released from restriction.

<u>Contributed Services</u> – The College provides office space, accounting and record-keeping services, and the necessary administrative services to the Foundation at no charge. The rental value of the office space is recorded at fair rental value equivalent to similar facility space. Other amounts have been recorded based on actual cost to the College for the services. See Note 13F below.

<u>Investments</u> – Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income, gains and losses, and any investment-related expenses are recorded as changes in net assets without donor restrictions in the Statement of Activities unless their use is temporarily or permanently restricted by explicit donor stipulations or laws. In the absence of donor stipulations or law to the contrary, losses on the investments of donor-restricted endowment funds are recognized as reductions of net assets with donor restrictions to the extent that donor-imposed restrictions on net appreciation of the funds have not been met before the loss occurs. Any remaining loss reduces net assets without donor restrictions.

<u>Investment Expenses</u> – Investment expenses, including custodial fees and investment advisory fees, relating to investment income amounted to \$43,985 and have been netted with investment income in the accompanying Statement of Activities.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 13: DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT (CONTINUED)

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Fair Value</u> – The Foundation follows FASB ASC 820-10 "Fair Value Measurements," which provides a framework for measuring fair value under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. FASB ASC 820-10 defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. FASB ASC 820-10 requires that valuation techniques maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. FASB ASC 820-10 also establishes a fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the valuation inputs into three broad levels as described below.

<u>Level 1</u>: Inputs to the valuation methodology derived from unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

<u>Level 2</u>: Other observable inputs including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active or inactive markets, and inputs that are principally derived from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

<u>Level 3</u>: Inputs to the valuation methodology which are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurements. These inputs are only used when Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available.

<u>Income Taxes</u> – The Foundation is recognized as exempt from federal income taxes under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Foundation may be subject to federal and state income taxes on any net income from unrelated business activities. The Foundation files a form 990 (Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax) annually, and unrelated business income (UBI) is reported on Form 990-T, as appropriate. Management has evaluated the Foundation's material tax positions, which include such matters as the tax-exempt status of each entity and various positions relative to potential sources of UBI. As of June 30, 2022, there were no uncertain tax benefits identified and recorded as a liability. The Foundation is no longer subject to U.S. federal or state income tax authorities for the years ending prior to June 30, 2019.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of management's estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 13: DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT (CONTINUED)

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Concluded)

<u>Functional Allocation of Expenses</u> – The costs of providing various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the Statements of Activities. The Statement of Functional Expenses presents the natural classification detail of expenses by function. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited. This presentation requires allocation of expenses on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. Expenses are allocated based on the Foundation's best estimate of the time spent by employees on program services vs. supporting services functions. Directly identifiable expenses are charged to the appropriate program or supporting service. Management and general expenses include those expenses that are not directly identifiable with any other specific function but provide the overall support and direction of the Foundation.

<u>Date of Management's Review</u> – Management has reviewed subsequent events through December 20, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

### B. Investments and Fair Value Measurements

The Foundation's investments are held primarily by a national bank and managed by an investment advisor in accordance with the terms of an investment advisor agreement. Investments detailed below were measured at fair value as described in Note 13A.

Investments as of June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

		Fair Value				
		Quoted	Quoted Significant			
		Active Market	Active Markets Other			
		for Identical	Observable			
		Assets	Assets Inputs			
	Cost	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	<u>Total</u>		
Mutual Funds	\$ 3,288,54	4 \$ 3,439,353	\$ -	\$ 3,439,353		
Exchange-traded Funds	2,646,53	7 2,557,606	-	2,557,606		
Corporate Bonds	3,431,95	-	2,918,807	2,918,807		
Real Estate Investments	218,52	.4	249,225	249,225		
Total Investments	<u>\$ 9,585,56</u>	<u>\$ 5,996,959</u>	\$ 3,168,032	<u>\$ 9,164,991</u>		

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2, or 3 of the fair value hierarchy during the year ended June 30, 2022.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 13: DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT (CONTINUED)

#### C. Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

The Foundation reports gifts of cash and other assets as restricted if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When donor restrictions expire, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the Statement of Activities as net assets released from restrictions.

At June 30, 2022, the Foundation held \$7,960,076 in net assets with donor restrictions. These assets will be used for scholarships for students of the College as well as grants benefiting the College in amounts as follows:

Non-endowed Scholarships	\$ 417,636
Athletics	129,230
Endowments	7,110,514
Other	 302,696
Total	\$ 7,960,076

During the year ended June 30, 2022, \$704,321 was released from restrictions and used for the following purposes:

Scholarships	\$ 523,570
Athletics	152,440
Fundraising	23,123
Other Student Support	 5,188
Total	\$ 704,321

#### D. Endowment Funds

The Foundation's endowment consists of funds established for a variety of purposes. Its endowment includes both donor-restricted funds and funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowments. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 13: DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT (CONTINUED)

#### D. Endowment Funds (Continued)

Interpretation of Relevant Law: The Board of Directors of the Organization, through obtaining a legal opinion and committee review, has interpreted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Foundation classifies as net assets with donor restrictions to be held in perpetuity (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not considered to be held in perpetuity, is also classified as net assets with donor restrictions until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Foundation in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In accordance with UPMIFA, the Foundation considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- 1. The duration and preservation of the funds;
- 2. The purposes of the Foundation and the donor-restricted endowment fund;
- 3. General economic conditions;
- 4. The possible effect of inflation and deflation;
- 5. The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments;
- 6. Other resources of the Foundation; and
- 7. The Foundation's investment policies.

Spending Policy. The Foundation has a policy in which any accumulated earnings in excess of a calculated reserve are available for distribution each year. In establishing this policy, the Foundation considered the long-term expected return on its investment assets, the nature and duration of the individual endowment funds, many of which must be maintained in perpetuity because of donor-restrictions, and the possible effects of inflation. The Foundation expects the current spending policy to allow its endowment funds to grow at a nominal average rate of 4% annually. This is consistent with the Foundation's objective to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets as well as to provide additional real growth through new gifts and investment return. The Board-approved spending was \$507,008 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 13: DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT (CONTINUED)

#### D. Endowment Funds (Concluded)

Investment Return Objectives, Risk Parameters and Strategies. The Foundation has adopted investment and spending policies, approved by the Board of Directors, for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment funds while also maintaining the purchasing power of those endowment assets over the long-term. Accordingly, the investment process seeks to achieve an after-cost total real rate of return, including investment income as well as capital appreciation, which exceeds the annual distribution with acceptable levels of risk. Endowment assets are invested in a well-diversified asset mix, which includes equity and debt securities, that is intended to preserve and increase the real principal value of the fund over the long-term. The investment objective is to earn an average annual rate of return over a 10-15 year period which exceeds the average annual change in the Consumer Price Index by 4%. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount. Investment risk is measured in terms of the total endowment fund; investment assets and allocation between asset classes and strategies are managed to not expose the fund to unacceptable levels of risk.

Endowment net assets as June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total Endowment Net Assets
Donor-restricted Endowment Funds		\$ 7,110,514	
Board-designated Endowment Funds	1,431,924		1,431,924
	<u>\$ 1,431,924</u>	<u>\$ 7,110,514</u>	\$ 8,542,438

Changes in endowment net assets as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

						Total
	Without Donor With Donor			Endowment		
	Restrictions		Restrictions			Net Assets
Endowment Net Assets, Beginning of Year	\$ 1,8	32,195	\$	8,530,070	\$	10,362,265
Contributions		-		148,708		148,708
Investment Income, Net of Fees		29,862		146,668		176,530
Realized Gain (Loss)		11,153		55,149		66,302
Unrealized Gain (Loss)	(28	88,263)		(1,416,096)		(1,704,359)
Amounts Appropriated for Expenditures	(15	53,023)		(353,985)		(507,008)
Endowment Net Assets, End of Year	<u>\$ 1,4</u>	31,924	\$	7,110,514	\$	8,542,438

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 13: DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT (CONTINUED)

### E. Liquidity and Availability

The Foundation's financial assets available for general expenditures, that is, without donor restrictions or other limitations, such as Board designations, within one year of the Statement of Net Position date, comprise the following:

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 321,407
Investments	 149,410
Total	\$ 470,817

The Foundation's endowment funds consist of donor-restricted endowments and funds designated by the board as endowments. Income from donor-restricted endowments is restricted for specific purposes, with the exception of the amounts available for general use. Donor-restricted endowment funds are not available for general expenditures.

Board-designated endowments of \$1,024,503 are reserved for special purposes. Most of these board-designated endowments are subject to annual spending limit as described in Note 13D. Although the Foundation does not intend to spend from the board-designated endowments (other than amounts appropriated for general expenditures as part of the Board's annual approved budget), these amounts could be made available if necessary.

As part of the Foundation's liquidity management plan, cash in excess of the Foundation's daily requirements are invested in short-term investments, certificates of deposit, and money market funds as determined by the Foundation's investment committee.

#### F. Relationship to John A. Logan College and Related Transactions

As part of the Foundation efforts, donations are accepted for the purchase of equipment to be used at the College. The College makes the initial purchase and submits invoices to the Foundation for reimbursement. The amounts reimbursed to the College are expensed as title to the assets remains with the College.

The College furnishes the Foundation with certain services and facilities at no charge. The total value of the services and facilities provided by the College during the year ended June 30, 2022 is recognized as contributions revenue in the Statement of Activities as detailed below:

Occupancy	\$ 12,000
Contractual Services	580
Supplies, Materials, and Travel	19,541
Personnel	245,811
Total	\$ 277,932

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 13: DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT (CONCLUDED)

### F. Relationship to John A. Logan College and Related Transactions (Concluded)

The total value of the services and the facilities provided by the College during the year ended June 30, 2022 is also recognized as expenses as follows:

Scholarships	\$ 60,265
Other Student Services	21,356
Management and General	66,656
Fundraising	 129,655
Total	\$ 277,932

# G. Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Foundation maintains cash and cash equivalents at two different financial institutions. Accounts at each institution are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000. At June 30, 2022, the Foundation had cash and cash equivalents totaling \$97,368 that were exposed to custodial credit risk but were collateralized by securities pledged by the Foundation's financial institution on-behalf of the Foundation.



#### STATE UNIVERSITIES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF ILLINOIS (SURS) PENSION PLAN - GASB 68 $\,$

#### SCHEDULE OF THE COLLEGE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY $\!\!\!\!\!\!^{\dagger}$

State Universities Retirement System - Unaudited

		FY2022*	 FY2021*		FY2020*		FY2019*		FY2018*		FY2017*	 FY2016*		FY2015*
College's proportionate percentage of the collective net pension liability  College's proportionate amount of the collective net pension liability	\$	0.0000%	\$ 0.0000%	\$	0.0000%	\$	0.0000%	\$	0.0000%	\$	0.0000%	\$ 0.0000%	\$	0.0000%
State's proportionate share of collective net pension liability associated with the College	_	143,278,856	153,781,255	_	146,156,442	_	141,981,891	_	132,756,562	_	150,631,522	142,796,497	_	134,423,009
Total	2	143,278,856	\$ 153,781,255	\$	146,156,442	\$	141,981,891	\$	132,756,562	\$	150,631,522	\$ 142,796,497	\$	134,423,009
College's DB covered payroll	\$	18,485,610	\$ 18,661,907	\$	18,387,517	\$	18,444,296	\$	18,370,903	\$	20,970,430	\$ 21,977,912	\$	22,488,035
College's proportionate share of collective net pension liability as a percentage of its DB covered payroll  SURS plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		775.08% 45.45%	824.04% 39.05%		794.87% 40.71%		769.79% 41.27%		722.65% 42.04%		718.30% 39.57%	649.73% 42.37%		597.75% 44.39%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal year end.

#### SCHEDULE OF COLLEGE CONTRIBUTIONS† State Universities Retirement System - *Unaudited*

	FY2022	FY2021	FY2020	FY2019	FY2018	FY2017	FY2016	FY2015
Federal, trust, grant and other contributions (required contributions)  Contributions in relation to required contributions	\$ 149,463 149,463	\$ 155,757 155,757	\$ 153,469 153,469	\$ 148,117 148,117	\$ 159,156 159,156	\$ 161,062 161,062	\$ 167,235 167,235	\$ 182,837 182,837
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$ -							
College's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 1,213,174 12.32%	\$ 1,226,434 12.70%	\$ 1,178,720 13.02%	\$ 1,205,183 12.29%	\$ 1,277,335 12.46%	\$ 1,285,411 12.53%	\$ 1,317,849 12.69%	\$ 1,561,375 11.71%
	 FY2022	 FY2021	 FY2020	 FY2019	 FY2018	 FY2017	 FY2016	 FY2015
On-behalf payments for Community College Health Insurance Program	\$ 92,291	\$ 92,522	\$ 89,969	\$ 86,591	\$ 85,396	\$ 84,297	\$ 100,481	\$ 106,881

<sup>†</sup>The information in this schedule will accumulate until a full 10-year trend is presented as required by GASB Statement No. 68.

Fiscal Year 2022 Total DB Contributions: \$1,420,691

Fiscal Year 2022 Total RSP Contributions: \$149,538

<sup>†</sup>The information in this schedule will accumulate until a full 10-year trend is presented as required by GASB Statement No. 68.

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COLLEGE'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS COLLEGE PLAN - GASB 75 - UNAUDITED

Fiscal Year Ended	2022		2021		2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability					 	 	
Service Cost	\$	9,148	\$	6,793	\$ 5,389	\$ 17,357	\$ 17,620
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		127,088		148,082	158,767	169,959	148,927
Changes of Benefit Terms		31,247.00		-	-	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		188,844		-	(94,383)	-	497,910
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs		(760,638)		380,555	107,469	162,832	116,522
Benefit Payments		(299,561)		(245,817)	(368,328)	(373,937)	(475,247)
Other Changes		<u> </u>		-	 6,269	 8,234	 349,370
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(703,872)		289,613	(184,817)	 (15,555)	 655,102
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		5,979,517		5,689,904	 5,874,721	 5,890,276	 5,235,174
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	5,275,645	\$	5,979,517	\$ 5,689,904	\$ 5,874,721	\$ 5,890,276
Covered Payroll	\$	7,435,428	\$	10,868,249	\$ 10,868,249	\$ 13,411,239	\$ 13,411,239
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		70.95%		55.02%	52.35%	43.80%	43.92%

#### Notes to Schedule

The information in this schedule will accumulate until a full 10-year trend is presented as required by GASB Statement No. 75.

#### COLLEGE INSURANCE PROGRAM (CIP) - GASB 75

#### SCHEDULE OF THE EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET OPEB LIABILITY†

College Insurance Program (CIP) - Unaudited

	FY2022	FY2021	FY2020	FY2019	FY2018	FY2017
College's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability	0.995086%	0.978269%	0.964645%	0.977891%	0.971646%	1.108664%
College's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 17,270,036	\$ 17,831,530	\$ 18,217,715	\$ 18,435,712	\$ 18,011,609	\$ 20,177,182
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the College	 17,270,036	 17,831,530	 18,217,617	 18,435,620	 23,653,716	 21,023,006
Total	\$ 34,540,072	\$ 35,663,060	\$ 36,435,332	\$ 36,871,332	\$ 41,665,325	\$ 41,200,188
College's covered payroll	\$ 18,458,200	\$ 18,504,390	\$ 17,993,700	\$ 17,318,296	\$ 17,078,749	\$ 16,859,262
College's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability						
as a percentage of its covered payroll	93.6%	96.4%	101.2%	106.5%	105.5%	119.7%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	-6.00%	-4.83%	-3.96%	-3.42%	-2.81%	N/A

<sup>†</sup>The information in this schedule will accumulate until a full 10-year trend is presented as required by GASB Statement No. 75.

# SCHEDULE OF STATE CONTRIBUTIONS† College Insurance Program (CIP) - *Unaudited*

	F	Y2022	 FY2021	 FY2020	 FY2019	FY2018		 FY2017
Statutorily Required Contributions**	\$	92,291	\$ 92,522	\$ 89,969	\$ 86,591	\$	85,396	\$ 84,297
Contributions in relation to the College's covered payroll		0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%		0.50%	0.50%
Annual contribution deficiency (excess)**		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A

 $<sup>**</sup>Statutorily\ required\ contributions = actual\ contributions$ 

<sup>†</sup>The information in this schedule will accumulate until a full 10-year trend is presented as required by GASB Statement No. 75.

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - UNAUDITED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1: SURS PENSION PLAN

Changes of Benefit Terms.

There were no benefit changes recognized in the Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2021.

#### Changes of Assumptions.

In accordance with *Illinois Complied Statutes*, an actuarial review is to be performed at least once every three years to determine the reasonableness of actuarial assumptions regarding the retirement, disability, mortality, turnover, interest, and salary of the members and benefit recipients of SURS. An experience review for the years June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2020 was performed in Spring 2021, resulting in the adoption of new assumptions as of June 30, 2021:

- Salary Increase: Change in the overall assumed salary increase rates, ranging from 3.00% to 12.75% based on years of service, with maintaining the underlying wage inflation rate of 2.25%.
- Investment Return: Decrease the investment return assumption to 6.50%. This reflects decreasing the
  assumed real rate of return to 4.25% and maintaining the underlying assumed price inflation of
  2.25%.
- Effective Rate of Interest (ERI): Decrease the long-term assumption for the ERI for crediting the money purchase accounts to 6.50%.
- Normal Retirement Rates: Establish separate rates for members in academic positions and non-academic positions to reflect that retirement rates for academic positions are lower than for non-academic positions.
- Early Retirement Rates: Establish separate rates for members in academic positions and non-academic
  positions to reflect that retirement rates for academic positions are lower than for non-academic
  positions.
- Turnover Rates: Change rates to produce slightly lower expected turnover for most members, while
  maintaining pattern of decreasing termination rates as years of service increase.
- Mortality Rates: Change from the RP-2014 to the Pub-2010 mortality tables to reflect the latter's higher applicability to public pensions. Update the projection scale from the MP-2017 to the MP-2020 scale.
- Disability Rates: Establish separate rates for members in academic positions and non-academic
  positions and maintain separate rates for males and females.
- Plan Election: Change plan election assumptions to 75% Tier 2 and 25% Retirement Savings Plan
  (RSP) for non-academic members. Change plan election assumptions to 55% Tier 2 and 45%
  Retirement Savings Plan (RSP) for academic members.

#### Special Funding Situation

For the purposes of financial reporting, the State of Illinois and participating employers are considered to be under a special funding situation. A special funding situation is defined as a circumstance in which a nonemployer entity is legally responsible for making contributions directly to a pension plan that is used to provide pensions to the employees of another entity or entities and either (1) the amount of the contributions for which the nonemployer entity is legally responsible is not dependent upon one or more events unrelated to pensions or (2) the nonemployer is the only entity with a legal obligation to make contributions directly to a pension plan. The State of Illinois is considered a nonemployer contributing entity. Participating employers are considered employer contributing entities. The State is responsible for the collective net pension liability of the plan with the exception of federal, trust, or grant contributions made by the College that are recognized as deferred outflows of resources.

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONCLUDED) - UNAUDITED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2: COLLEGE INSURANCE PLAN

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Measurement Date June 30, 2021 Sponsor's Fiscal Year-End June 30, 2022

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Actuarial Liability and Contributions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal, used to measure the Total OPEB Liability

Contribution Policy Benefits are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. Contribution rates are defined by statute. For

fiscal year end June 30, 2021, contribution rates are 0.50% of pay for active members, 0.50% of pay for community colleges, and 0.50% of pay for the State. Retired members contribute a percentage of premium rates. The goal of the policy is to finance current year costs plus a

margin for incurred but not paid plan costs.

Asset Valuation Method Market value

Investment Rate of Return 0%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation, for all plan years.

Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increases Depends on service and ranges from 12.25% at less than 1 year of service to 3.25% at 34 or

more years of services. Salary increases include a 3.25% wage inflation assumption.

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last

updated for the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation of SURS.

Mortality Retirement and Beneficiary Annuitants: RP-2014 White Collar Annuitant Mortality Table.

Disabled Annuitants: RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Table. Pre-Retirement: RP-2014 White Collar Table. Tables are adjusted for SURS experience. All tables reflect future mortality

improvements using Projection Scale MP-2017.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Trend used fiscal year end 2022 based on premium increases. For fiscal years on and after

2023, trends start at 8.00% for non-Medicare costs and post-Medicare costs, and gradually

decreases to an ultimate trend of 4.25%.

Aging Factors Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs - From Birth to Death"

Expenses Health administrative expenses are included in the development of the per capita claims costs.

Operating expenses are included as a component of the Annual OPEB Expense.

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Other

# JOHN A. LOGAN COLLEGE COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT NO. 530

# SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATIONS, TAX RATES, AND TAXES EXTENDED $\frac{UNAUDITED}{LEVY\ YEARS\ 2019,\ 2020\ AND\ 2021}$

	Pa	2021 Levy ayable in 2022*	Pa	2020 Levy ayable in 2021*	P	2019 Levy ayable in 2020*
Assessed Valuation (by County)						
Franklin County	\$	98,503,329	\$	96,746,412	\$	96,171,054
Jackson County		709,927,451		697,616,552		691,194,351
Perry County		113,621,785		105,638,374		99,955,768
Randolph County		14,318,549		13,086,465		12,857,942
Williamson County		1,161,880,804		1,117,807,799		1,078,712,881
	\$	2,098,251,918	\$	2,030,895,602	\$	1,978,891,996
Tax Rates (Per \$100 of Assessed Valuation)						
Education		0.30000		0.30000		0.30000
Operations and Maintenance		0.05000		0.05000		0.05000
Bond and Interest		0.24112		0.24270		0.13789
Audit		0.00279		0.00256		0.00252
Liability, Protection, and Settlement		0.11180		0.10369		0.09591
Health, Life, and Safety		0.05000		0.04805		0.04252
Prior Year Adjustment		(0.00109)		0.00024		0.00261
		0.75462		0.74724		0.63145
Taxes Extended						
Education	\$	6,292,237	\$	6,092,687	\$	5,933,270
Operations and Maintenance		1,048,786		1,015,448		988,875
Bond and Interest		5,082,670		4,969,091		2,749,681
Audit		58,916		52,490		50,317
Liability, Protection, and Settlement		2,356,188		2,122,615		1,912,182
Health, Life, and Safety		1,048,668		983,655		847,759
Prior Year Adjustment		(75,990)		(38,058)		28,154
	\$	15,811,475	\$	15,197,928	\$	12,510,238

<sup>\*</sup> Tax rates vary by county. Williamson County rates are reflected in the table. Tax extended represents actual extensions from all counties. Therefore, rate times assessed valuation does not compute to taxes extended.

# SCHEDULE OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN UNAUDITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### Assessed Valuation - 2020 Levy Franklin County \$ 96,746,412 **Jackson County** 697,616,552 Perry County 105,638,374 Randolph County 13,086,465 Williamson County 1,117,807,799 2,030,895,602 Debt Limit, 2.875% of Assessed Valuation (50 ILCS 405/1) \$ 58,388,249 Less: Total Indebtedness (27,363,703) **Legal Debt Margin** 31,024,546

# CERTIFICATION OF CHARGEBACK REIMBURSEMENT

### **FOR FISCAL YEAR 2023**

# All Non-Capital Audited Operating Expenditures for Fiscal Year 2022 From the Following Funds:

1	Education Fund	\$ 22,478,011		
2	Operations and Maintenance Fund	4,196,062		
3	Public Building Commission Operation and Maintenance Fund	-		
4	Bond and Interest Fund	1,755,872		
5	Public Building Commission Rental Fund	-		
6	Restricted Purposes Fund	14,116,196		
7	Audit Fund	58,696		
	Liability, Protection, and Settlement Fund	1,715,523		
8	Auxiliary Enterprises Fund (subsidy only)	2,664,350		
9	Auxinary Enterprises Fund (subsidy only)	 2,004,330		
10	Total Non-Capital Expenditures (sum of lines 1-9)		\$	46,984,710
11	Depreciation on Capital Outlay Expenditures (equipment, buildings, and fixed			
11	equipment paid) From Sources Other than State and Federal Funds	1,748,105		
	equipment paid) From Sources Other than State and Federal Funds	1,710,100		
12	Total Costs Included (line 10 plus line 11)		\$	48,732,815
13	Total Certified Semester Credit Hours for Fiscal Year 2022	58,747.50		
14	Per Capita Cost (line 12 divided by line 13)		\$	829.53
15	All Fiscal Year 2022 State and Federal Operating Grants			
13	For Non-Capital Expenditures, Except ICCB Grants	5,965,762		
	For Non-Capital Experiences, Except ICCB Grants	 3,702,702		
16	Fiscal Year 2022 State and Federal Grants Per Semester Credit Hour			101.55
	(line 15 divided by line 13)			
				45.40
17	District's Average ICCB Grant Rate (excluding equalization grant) for Fiscal Year 2023			45.40
18	District's Student Tuition and Fee Rate Per Semester Credit Hour for Fiscal Year 2023			145.00
10	District 5 Student Tuttion and Lee Rate Let Semicion Create From Lot Fisher Lett 2025			
19	Chargeback Reimbursement Per Semester Credit Hour			
	(line 14 less lines 16, 17, and 18)		\$	537.58
	(		***************************************	

APPROVED:

Stary Nuchrafian

117077

APPROVED:

Chief Executive Officer

Date



# ALL FUNDS SUMMARY UNIFORM FINANCIAL STATEMENT #1 FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Operations	Operations and						Liability, Protection	
	Education Fund	and Maintenance Fund	Maintenance Fund (Restricted)	Bond and Interest Fund	Auxiliary Enterprises Fund	Restricted Purposes Fund	Working Cash Fund	Audit Settlem Fund Fund		Total
Fund Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 7,255,705	\$ 768,719	\$ 10,324,388	\$ 84,022	\$ 452,487	\$ 3,536,812	\$ 7,535,685	\$ 32,977	\$ 251,730	\$ 30,242,525
Revenues										
Local Tax Revenue	8,124,485	1,015,640	983,745	4,969,629	-	-	-	52,481	2,122,838	17,268,818
ICCB Grants	7,247,631	3,174,192	-	-	-	267,682	-	-	-	10,689,505
All Other State Revenue	195,571	35,662	254,104	-	-	636,241	-	-	-	1,121,578
Federal Revenue	2,319,044	324,635	590,000	-	200,000	13,189,551	-	-	-	16,623,230
Student Tuition and Fees	9,236,798	-	-	-	252,060	17,365	-	-	-	9,506,223
On-Behalf CIP	-	-	-	-	-	(142,580)	-	-	-	(142,580)
On-Behalf SURS	-	-	-	-	-	11,880,102	-	-	-	11,880,102
All Other Revenue	133,395	57,721	64,019	2,090	832,836	791,786		246	175,373	2,057,466
Total Revenues	27,256,924	4,607,850	1,891,868	4,971,719	1,284,896	26,640,147		52,727	2,298,211	69,004,342
Expenditures										
Instruction	8,961,240	-	-	-	-	5,566,957	-	-	-	14,528,197
Academic Support	2,349,969	-	-	-	-	2,782,651	-	-	-	5,132,620
Student Services	2,900,131	-	-	-	-	2,194,390	-	-	-	5,094,521
Public Service/Continuing Education	684,406	-	-	-	787,987	2,165,882	-	-	-	3,638,275
Auxiliary Services	-	-	-	-	1,257,400	1,610,969	-	-	-	2,868,369
Operations and Maintenance	-	3,865,599	-	-	29,096	1,760,492	-	-	727,488	6,382,675
Institutional Support	5,210,115	386,364	1,462,898	4,916,136	147,934	3,239,994	-	58,696	1,030,719	16,452,856
Scholarships, Grants, and Waivers	2,485,954				454,152	8,449,903				11,390,009
Total Expenditures	22,591,815	4,251,963	1,462,898	4,916,136	2,676,569	27,771,238		58,696	1,758,207	65,487,522
Net Transfers	(1,555,839)	(200,000)	200,000		1,248,755	307,084				
Fund Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 10,364,975	\$ 924,606	\$ 10,953,358	\$ 139,605	\$ 309,569	\$ 2,712,805	\$ 7,535,685	\$ 27,008	\$ 791,734	\$ 33,759,345

# RECONCILIATION OF THE UNIFORM FINANCIAL STATEMENT NO. 1 TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total Fund Balance - Uniform Financial Statement No. 1	\$ 33,759,345
Amounts reported in the basic financial statements for net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in College activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Uniform Financial Statements.	61,780,878
Capital assets included as prepaid expenses on the Uniform Financial Statements but are capitalized and amortized over the life of the capital assets in the basic financial statements.	(52,055)
Pension contributions made after the actuarial valuation date are considered expenditures in the Uniform Financial Statements but are deferred outflows of resources in the basic financial statements.	149,463
OPEB contributions made after the actuarial measurement date are considered expenditures in the Uniform Financial Statements but are deferred outflows of resources in the basic financial statements.	92,291
Premiums on fixed debt are other financial sources in the Uniform Financial Statements but are liabilities that are amortized over the life of the fixed debt in the basic financial statements.	(1,198,282)
Deferred losses on refunded fixed debt are other financing uses in the Uniform Financial Statements but are reported as deferred outflows of resources that are amortized over the life of the fixed debt in the basic financial statements.	343,493
Changes in assumptions, experiences, and other calculations are reported as deferred outflows/inflows in the basic financial statements; however, they are not recorded in the Uniform Financial Statements.	(4,779,663)
Some liabilities reported in the Statement of Net Position do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the Uniform Financial Statements. These liabilities consist of:	
Bonds payable	(27,310,000)
Lease liability	(53,703)
Postemployment benefits	(22,545,681)
Accrued interest	(73,297)
Net Position - Statement of Net Position	\$ 40,112,789

# RECONCILIATION OF THE UNIFORM FINANCIAL STATEMENT NO. 1 TO THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Uniform Financial Statement No. 1		\$ 3,516,820
Amounts reported in the general-purpose Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position are different because:		
The Uniform Financial Statements report capital outlays as expenditures paid while the basic financial statements report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the lives of the assets. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:		
Capital outlays	\$ 3,595,768	
Depreciation expense	 (2,975,877)	
		619,891
Net book value of disposed capital assets is not reported in the Uniform Financial Statements.		(1,000)
Contributions to pension funds are recognized as expenditures when paid to the pension fund on the Uniform Financial Statements. These expenses are recorded on the basic financial statements based on the pension expense, corresponding with the most recent measurement period. This is the difference between these amounts.		(6,294)
Contributions to the OPEB plans are recognized as expenditures when paid to the plans on the Uniform Financial Statements. These expenses are recorded on the basic financial statements based on the OPEB expense, corresponding with the most recent measurement period. This is the difference between these amounts.		92,291
Proceeds from long-term debt are recognized as other local revenue in the Uniform Financial Statements but have no impact on net assets in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.		(69,868)
Some expenses reported in the Uniform Financial Statements use current financial resources to reduce long-term liabilities reported on the basic financial statements. These activities consist of:		
Bonds payable, including amortization of bond premiums		4,022,208
Lease liability		16,165
Postemployment benefits		560,884
Accrued interest		 55,841
Increase in Net Position - Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position		\$ 8,806,938

# SUMMARY OF FIXED ASSETS AND DEBT UNIFORM FINANCIAL STATEMENT #2 FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Fixed				Fixed
	Asset/Debt				Asset/Debt
	Account				Account
	Groups				Groups
	 July 1, 2021	 Additions	Deletions	J	une 30, 2022
	_	 _	_		_
Fixed Assets					
Sites	\$ 346,427	\$ -	\$ -	\$	346,427
Site Improvements	2,499,041	1,280,788	-		3,779,829
Buildings, Additions, and Improvements	94,986,066	-	-		94,986,066
Equipment	11,526,780	815,157	(1,943,946)		10,397,991
Other Fixed Assets	16,500	-	(16,500)		-
Construction in Progress	287,658	1,438,987	(1,050)		1,725,595
Total Fixed Assets	109,662,472	3,534,932	(1,961,496)		111,235,908
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	48,438,599	 2,975,877	 (1,959,446)		49,455,030
Net Fixed Assets	\$ 61,223,873	\$ 559,055	\$ (2,050)	\$	61,780,878
Fixed Debt					
Bonds Payable	\$ 31,215,000	\$ -	\$ (3,905,000)	\$	27,310,000
Lease Liability	-	69,868	(16,165)		53,703
CIP Net OPEB Liability	 17,831,530	 -	(561,494)		17,270,036
<b>Total Fixed Debt</b>	\$ 49,046,530	\$ 69,868	\$ (4,482,659)	\$	44,633,739

# OPERATING FUNDS REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES UNIFORM FINANCIAL STATEMENT #3 FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	]	Education Fund	Operations and Iaintenance Fund		Total Operating Funds
<b>Operating Revenues by Sources</b>			 		_
Local Government Revenues:					
Local Taxes	\$	6,093,850	\$ 1,015,640	\$	7,109,490
Corporate Personal Property Replacement Tax		2,030,635	 		2,030,635
Total Local Government		8,124,485	 1,015,640		9,140,125
State Government:					
ICCB Base Operating Grant		2,183,568	1,027,562		3,211,130
ICCB Equalization Grant		4,561,590	2,146,630		6,708,220
ICCB Career and Technical Education		381,239	_		381,239
ICCB Performance Grant		23,860	_		23,860
Other ICCB Unrestricted Grants not listed above		97,374	_		97,374
Other State not listed above		195,571	35,662		231,233
Total State Government		7,443,202	3,209,854		10,653,056
Federal Government:					
		2 200 150	262 245		2 551 404
Department of Education		2,288,159	263,245		2,551,404
Dept. of Labor Department of Health & Human Services		29,280	60,702		89,982
Other		1,605	688		2,293
Total Federal Government		2,319,044	 324,635	-	2,643,679
	-		 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Student Tuition and Fees:					
Tuition		8,525,808	-		8,525,808
Fees		710,990			710,990
Total Student Tuition and Fees		9,236,798	 		9,236,798
Other Sources:					
Sales and Service Fees		34,932	_		34,932
Facilities Revenue		-	47,975		47,975
Investment Revenue		49,501	3,665		53,166
Non-Governmental Grants		2,000	_		2,000
Other		46,962	6,081		53,043
Total Other Sources		133,395	 57,721		191,116
Total Revenue		27,256,924	4,607,850		31,864,774
Less Non-Operating Items:*					
Tuition Chargeback Revenue			 		
Adjusted Revenue	\$	27,256,924	\$ 4,607,850	\$	31,864,774

<sup>\*</sup>Intercollege revenues that do not generate related local college credit hours are subtracted to allow for statewide comparisons.

# OPERATING FUNDS REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES UNIFORM FINANCIAL STATEMENT #3 FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Operating Expenditures	_	Education Fund	Operations and Maintenance Fund		 Total Operating Funds
By Program:					
Instruction	\$	8,961,240	\$	_	\$ 8,961,240
Academic Support		2,349,969		_	2,349,969
Student Services		2,900,131		_	2,900,131
Public Service/Continuing Education		684,406		_	684,406
Auxiliary Services		, -		_	_
Operations and Maintenance		-		3,865,599	3,865,599
Institutional Support		5,210,115		386,364	5,596,479
Scholarships, Grants, and Waivers		2,485,954		-	2,485,954
Total Expenditures		22,591,815		4,251,963	26,843,778
Less Non-Operating Items:*					
Transfers		-		_	 -
Adjusted Expenditures	\$	22,591,815	\$	4,251,963	\$ 26,843,778
By Object:					
Salaries	\$	14,671,066	\$	2,521,812	\$ 17,192,878
Employee Benefits		1,855,742		383,247	2,238,989
Contractual Services		1,796,420		220,356	2,016,776
General Materials and Supplies		1,116,773		288,990	1,405,763
Library Materials**		23,916		-	23,916
Conference and Meeting Expenses		166,967		185	167,152
Fixed Charges		25,297		19,050	44,347
Utilities		10,355		762,187	772,542
Capital Outlay		113,804		55,901	169,705
Other		2,835,391		235	2,835,626
Student Grants and Scholarships**		2,485,954		-	2,485,954
<b>Total Expenditures</b>		22,591,815		4,251,963	26,843,778
Less Non-Operating Items:*					
Transfers					
Adjusted Expenditures	\$	22,591,815	\$	4,251,963	\$ 26,843,778

<sup>\*</sup>Intercollege expenditures that do not generate related local college credit hours are subtracted to allow for statewide comparisons.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Non-add line

# RESTRICTED PURPOSES FUND REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES UNIFORM FINANCIAL STATEMENT #4 FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Restricted Purposes Fund
Revenues by Source		
State Government:		
ICCB - Adult Education	\$	207,682
ICCB - Other		60,000
On-Behalf CIP		(142,580)
On-Behalf SURS		11,880,102
Other		636,241
Total State Government		12,641,445
Federal Government:		
Department of Education		11,978,719
Department of Health and Human Services		1,055,239
Other		155,593
Total Federal Government		13,189,551
Other Sources:		
Tuition and Fees		17,365
Other		791,786
Total Other Sources		809,151
<b>Total Restricted Purposes Fund Revenues</b>	\$	26,640,147
Expenditures By Program		
Instruction	\$	5,566,957
Academic Support	Ψ	2,782,651
Student Services		2,194,390
Public Service/Continuing Education		2,165,882
Auxiliary Services		1,610,969
Operations and Maintenance		1,760,492
Institutional Support		3,239,994
Scholarships, Grants, and Waivers		8,449,903
Scholarships, Grants, and warvers		0,449,903
<b>Total Restricted Purposes Fund Expenditures</b>	\$	27,771,238
Expenditures By Object		
Salaries	\$	1,755,133
Employee Benefits (Including SURS & CIP On-Behalf)		12,484,716
Contractual Services		327,699
General Materials and Supplies		2,283,115
Library Materials*		-
Travel & Conference/Meeting Expenses		50,293
Fixed Charges		38,007
Utilities		15,278
Capital Outlay		1,917,520
Other		8,899,477
Scholarships, Grants, and Waivers*		8,449,903
<b>Total Restricted Purposes Fund Expenditures</b>	\$	27,771,238

<sup>\*</sup>Non-add line

# CURRENT FUNDS \* EXPENDITURES BY ACTIVITY UNIFORM FINANCIAL STATEMENT #5 FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Instruction	
Instructional Programs	\$ 13,760,604
Other	767,593
Total Instruction	 14,528,197
Academic Support	
Library Center	402,332
Instructional Materials Center	98,227
Academic Computing Support	335,743
Academic Administration and Planning	2,654,030
Other	 1,642,288
Total Academic Support	 5,132,620
Student Services	
Admissions and Records	467,451
Counseling and Career Guidance	2,619,873
Financial Aid Administration	740,802
Other	1,266,395
Total Student Services Support	 5,094,521
••	
Public Service/Continuing Education	
Community Education	330,542
Customized Training (Instructional)	363,811
Community Services	2,934,366
Other	 9,556
Total Public Service/Continuing Education	 3,638,275
Auxiliary Services	 2,868,369
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	
Maintenance	1,493,691
Custodial	2,131,746
Grounds	830,550
Campus Security	1,157,448
Transportation	-
Plant Utilities	769,240
Total Operations and Maintenance of Plant	6,382,675
Justitutional Company	
Institutional Support	1 652 062
Executive Management Fiscal Operations	1,653,962 1,049,693
Community Relations	831,922
Administrative Support Services	
**	1,058,576
Board of Trustees General Institution	42,856 2,244,357
Institutional Research	2,244,357 474,841
Administrative Data Processing	2,372,143
Other	
Total Institutional Support	 345,472 10,073,822
rotal institutional support	 10,073,022
Scholarships, Student Grants, and Waivers	 11,390,009
<b>Total Current Funds Expenditures</b>	\$ 59,108,488

<sup>\*</sup>Current Funds include the Education; Operations and Maintenance; Auxiliary Enterprises; Restricted Purposes; Audit; Liability, Protection, and Settlement; and PBC Operations and Maintenance Funds.

# STATE COMPLIANCE SECTION

Illinois Community College Board State Grants Financial Compliance Section



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE REQUIREMENTS FOR ADULT EDUCATION AND FAMILY LITERACY GRANTS

To the Board of Trustees John A. Logan College Community College District No. 530 Carterville, Illinois 62918

### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Adult Education and Family Literacy Grants (State Basic and Performance) (grant program) of John A. Logan College, Community College District No. 530 (the College) as of June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the grant program financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Adult Education and Family Literacy Grants (State Basic and Performance) of John A. Logan College, Community College District No. 530 as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the College, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

The grant program financial statements on pages 71-72 are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of the Adult Education and Family Literacy Grants. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the College as of June 30, 2022, or the changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these grant program financial statements in accordance with accounting principles general accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Other Matters**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the grant program financial statements of the College. The ICCB Compliance Statement on page 75 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the grant program financial statements.

The ICCB Compliance Statement is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the grant program financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the grant program's financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the grant program financial statements or to the grant program financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the ICCB Compliance Statement on page 75 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the grant program financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2022, on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KEMPER CPA GROUP LLP

Kempar CPA Group LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

Marion, Illinois December 20, 2022

# STATE ADULT EDUCATION RESTRICTED FUNDS

# BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

	State Basic	Per	formance	(Mer	Total norandum Only)
Assets Current Assets Cash Held by John A. Logan College	\$ 2,599	\$	2,428	\$	5,027
Total Assets	\$ 2,599	\$	2,428	\$	5,027
Liabilities and Fund Balances Current Liabilities Accrued Expenses Total Liabilities	\$ 2,599 2,599	\$	2,428 2,428	\$	5,027 5,027
Fund Balance Reserved	 		<u>-</u>		
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$ 2,599	\$	2,428	\$	5,027

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATE ADULT EDUCATION RESTRICTED FUNDS

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	State Basic	Per	formance	(Me	Total emorandum Only)
Revenues					
Grant	\$ 118,322	\$	89,360	\$	207,682
Expenditures by Program					
Instruction	58,069		11,521		69,590
Social Work Services	42,451		-		42,451
Guidance Services	402		-		402
Assistive and Adaptive Equipment	4,489		50		4,539
Assessment and Testing	3,193		-		3,193
Student Transportation Services	220				220
Subtotal Instructional & Student Services	 108,824		11,571		120,395
Program Support					
Improvement of Instructional Services	1,755		1,262		3,017
General Administration	3,877		74,838		78,715
Operation & Maintenance of Plant Services	3,750		-		3,750
Workforce Coordination	-		1,515		1,515
Data & Information Services	116		174		290
Subtotal Program Support	9,498		77,789		87,287
Total Expenditures	118,322		89,360		207,682
Excess of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	-		-		-
Fund Balance, July 1, 2021			-		
Fund Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ -	\$	-	\$	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# NOTES TO GRANT PROGRAM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1: PROGRAM DESCRIPTIONS

The College is responsible for administering the programs listed below in accordance with "Policy Guidelines for Restricted Grant Expenditures and Reporting" set forth by ICCB in its *Fiscal Management Manual*. Program funds are accounted for in the College's current restricted fund.

### Adult Education and Family Literacy Grant Program

ICCB awards funding to eligible applicants to develop, implement, and improve adult education and literacy activities. The provider must use the grant to establish or operate programs that provide services or instruction in one or more of the following categories:

- Adult education and literacy services (including workplace),
- Family literacy services, and/or
- English literacy programs.

ICCB provides funding for adult education and family literacy from State and federal sources. State funds include three categories (1) State Basic, (2) State Public Assistance, and (3) State Performance. Federal funds include two categories: (1) Federal Basic and (2) Federal EL/Civics. Funding is allocated through a competitive process. The funding source determined the applicable statutory regulations, policies, and guidelines, including allowable costs. State Performance – Grants are awarded to adult education and family literacy providers based upon performance outcomes.

#### NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### A. Basis of Accounting

The statements have been prepared on the modified accrual basis.

Expenditures are reported when services are rendered or when goods are received. The grant funds shall be expended or obligated prior to June 30 each year, the last day of the fiscal year. Grant funds should be accounted for in the same period as in the credit hour claiming process. Unexpended funds shall be returned to ICCB by October 15 following the end of the fiscal year.

Grant revenues are reported in these grant program financial statements when allowable grant expenditures are made. Expenditures are allowable if they comply with "Policy Guidelines for Restricted Grant Expenditures and Reporting" set forth in ICCB's *Fiscal Management Manual*. Grant funds should be accounted for in the same period as in the credit hour claiming process.

These grant program financial statements cover only the State Adult Education Grant Programs. They are not intended to, and do not, present the financial position or results of operations of the College in its entirety.

# NOTES TO GRANT PROGRAM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONCLUDED) JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONCLUDED)

### B. Cash Held by John A. Logan College

To facilitate sound management, substantially all grant program cash for the State Adult Education Grant Program is pooled with the College.

### C. Receivables – Governmental Claims

A receivable is recorded for the funds to be received from ICCB at June 30, 2022, for reimbursement of allowable expenditures incurred during the fiscal year. These amounts are considered to be 100% collectible.

### D. Due to Other Funds

This account presents the amount to be reimbursed to other funds for the use of the other funds' resources to pay for the expenses incurred by the grant program.

#### E. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of capital assets, if any, are reported as capital assets in the College's financial statements. They are recorded as capital outlay and are not capitalized in the grant program financial statements. There were no capital assets purchased with the grant funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

### F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the grant program financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that could affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

# ICCB COMPLIANCE STATEMENT FOR THE ADULT EDUCATION AND FAMILY LITERACY GRANT

# EXPENDITURE AMOUNTS AND PERCENTAGES FOR ICCB GRANT FUNDS ONLY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Audited Expenditure Amount		Actual Expenditure Percentage
State Basic			
Instruction (45% Minimum Required)	\$	58,069	49.08%
General Administration (15% Maximum Allowed)	\$	3,877	3.28%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# ENROLLMENT DATA AND OTHER BASES UPON WHICH CLAIMS ARE FILED



# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF ENROLLMENT DATA AND OTHER BASES UPON WHICH CLAIMS ARE FILED

To the Board of Trustees John A. Logan College Community College District No. 530 Carterville, Illinois 62918

We have examined the accompanying Schedule of Enrollment Data and Other Bases Upon Which Claims are Filed of John A. Logan College, Community College District No. 530 for the year ended June 30, 2022 (the Schedule). The College's management is responsible for preparing the Schedule in accordance with the guidelines of the Illinois Community College Board's *Fiscal Management Manual*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Schedule based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Schedule referred to above is in accordance with the guidelines of the Illinois Community College Board's *Fiscal Management Manual*, in all material respects. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Schedule referred to above, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

In our opinion, the Schedule is presented in accordance with the guidelines of the Illinois Community College Board's *Fiscal Management Manual* in all material respects.

The supplementary information on pages 79-81 discusses the College's residency verification steps and is the responsibility of the College's management. This information has not been subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the Schedule, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Kempar CPA Group LLP

KEMPER CPA GROUP LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

Marion, Illinois December 20, 2022

# SCHEDULE OF ENROLLMENT DATA AND OTHER BASES UPON WHICH CLAIMS ARE FILED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Total Semester Credit Hours by Term (In-District and Out of						m ./	
	Sum		Fa		Spr		Total (Note 3)	
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Unrestricted	Restricted	Unrestricted	Restricted	Unrestricted	Restricted
Categories								
(Notes 1 & 2)			1.5.101.0		15 (40 0	9.0	35,383.0	9.0
Baccalaureate	4,304.0	-	15,431.0	-	15,648.0	8.0		8.0
Business Occupational	272.0	12.0	1,863.5	-	2,142.0	47.5	4,277.5	59.5
Technical Occupational	237.0	-	2,882.0	-	3,162.5	-	6,281.5	-
Health Occupational	835.5	-	3,936.0	-	3,786.5	-	8,558.0	-
Remedial Developmental	173.0	-	608.0	-	447.0	-	1,228.0	-
Adult Basic/Secondary Education	156.0	361.0	392.5	816.0	571.5	655.0	1,120.0	1,832.0
Total	5,977.5	373.0	25,113.0	816.0	25,757.5	710.5	56,848.0	1,899.5
Note 1) Unrestricted credit hours  Note 2) Restricted credit hours a	re supported with	more than 50%	of restricted source	es of funding.	and are reimbursab	le if they meet all	eligibility requireme	ents.
	re supported with	more than 50%	of restricted source	es of funding.	nd are reimbursab	le if they meet all	eligibility requireme	ents.
Note 2) Restricted credit hours a	re supported with	more than 50%	of restricted source	es of funding.	Attending	le if they meet all	eligibility requireme	ents.
Note 2) Restricted credit hours a	re supported with	more than 50%	of restricted source	es of funding.	Attending Out-of District	le if they meet all	eligibility requireme	ents.
Note 2) Restricted credit hours a	re supported with	more than 50%	of restricted source	es of funding.	Attending Out-of District on Chargeback	le if they meet all	eligibility requireme	ents.
Note 2) Restricted credit hours a	re supported with	more than 50%	of restricted source	es of funding.	Attending Out-of District on Chargeback or Contractual	le if they meet all		ents.
Note 2) Restricted credit hours a	re supported with	more than 50%	of restricted source	es of funding.	Attending Out-of District on Chargeback	le if they meet all	eligibility requireme	ents.
Note 2) Restricted credit hours a  Note 3) Total of unrestricted and	re supported with restricted should	more than 50%	of restricted source	Attending In-District	Attending Out-of District on Chargeback or Contractual Agreement	le if they meet all	Total	ents.
Note 2) Restricted credit hours a	re supported with restricted should	more than 50%	of restricted source	es of funding.	Attending Out-of District on Chargeback or Contractual	le if they meet all		ents.
Note 2) Restricted credit hours a  Note 3) Total of unrestricted and	re supported with restricted should	more than 50%	of restricted source	Attending In-District 53,769.0	Attending Out-of District on Chargeback or Contractual Agreement 2,362.0	le if they meet all	Total	ents.
Note 2) Restricted credit hours a  Note 3) Total of unrestricted and	re supported with restricted should	more than 50%	of restricted source	Attending In-District	Attending Out-of District on Chargeback or Contractual Agreement	le if they meet all	Total	ents.

Correctional Semester Credit Hours by Term

	Summer	Fall	Spring	Total
Categories				-
Baccalaureate	-	-	-	-
Business Occupational	-	-	-	-
Technical Occupational	-	-	- ,	-
Health Occupational	-	-	-	-
Remedial Development	-	-	-	-
Adult Basic/Secondary Education				-
Total	-			-

Signatures

**District Prior Year Equalized Assessed Valuation** 

Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

Chief Fiscal Officer (CFO)

\$2,030,895,602

# RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL REIMBURSABLE SEMESTER CREDIT HOURS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Total			Total	
		Unrestricted			Restricted	
	Total	Credit Hours		Total	Credit Hours	
	Unrestricted	Certified to		Restricted	Certified to	
<u>Categories</u>	Credit Hours	the ICCB	Difference	Credit Hours	the ICCB	Difference
Baccalaureate	35,383.0	35,383.0		8.0	8.0	
			-			-
Business Occupational	4,277.5	4,277.5	-	59.5	59.5	-
Technical Occupational	6,281.5	6,281.5	-	-	-	-
Health Occupational	8,558.0	8,558.0	-	-	-	-
Remedial Developmental	1,228.0	1,228.0	-	-	-	-
Adult Basic/Secondary Education	1,120.0	1,120.0		1,832.0	1,832.0	
Total	56,848.0	56,848.0		1,899.5	1,899.5	

# RECONCILIATION OF IN-DISTRICT/CHARGEBACK AND COOPERATIVE/CONTRACTUAL AGREEMENT CREDIT HOURS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Total Attending (Unrestricted and Restricted)	Total Attending As Certified To The ICCB	Difference
Reimbursable In-District Residents	53,769.0	53,769.0	-
Reimbursable Out-of-District on Chargeback or Contractual Agreement	2,362.0	2,362.0	
Total	56,131.0	56,131.0	
	Total Reimbursable	Total Reimbursable Certified to ICCB	Difference
Dual Credit Dual Enrollment	7,166.0 3,435.0	7,166.0 3,435.0	-
Total	10,601.0	10,601.0	

# RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL CORRECTIONAL SEMESTER CREDIT HOURS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Total Reimbursable	Total Reimbursable Correctional Credit Hours	
Catalanta	Correctional	Certified to	D.cc
Categories	Credit Hours	The ICCB	Difference
Baccalaureate	-	-	-
Business Occupational	-	-	-
Technical Occupational	-	-	-
Health Occupational	-	-	-
Remedial Development	-	-	-
Adult Basic/Secondary Education			
Total			

# DOCUMENTATION OF RESIDENCY VERIFICATION STEPS JUNE 30, 2022

#### **In-District Student**

*Description:* A student who has lived in Franklin, Jackson, Perry, Randolph, or Williamson counties for at least 30 days prior to the beginning of the semester.

Residency Code: In-district

Acceptable Documentation: Includes driver's license, voter registration card, or a property tax statement, and the proof must show an in-district address.

If none of the above items are available, the student may establish proof of in-district residency by providing a notarized statement signed by the student and his/her parents stating that the student's residence is within the boundaries of the district. In the event that parents are not appropriate or available as co-signers on a notarized statement, such a statement can be co-signed by a city clerk or the county clerk in the city or county where the student has a permanent address.

Tuition Charge: Current in-district tuition charge

#### **Student Employed Full-Time in the District**

*Description:* An Illinois resident who lives outside the College's district but works at least 35 hours per week at a business or industry located in the district.

Residency Code: Out-of-district

Acceptable Documentation: A signed letter from employer verifying that the student works at least 35 hours in the district.

Tuition Charge: Current in-district tuition charge

#### **Out-of-District Student**

*Description:* A student who has lived outside the district boundaries but within the State of Illinois for at least 30 days prior to the beginning of the semester.

Residency Code: Out-of-district

Acceptable Documentation: Includes driver's license, voter registration card, or property tax statement.

Tuition Charge: Current out-of-district tuition charge

# DOCUMENTATION OF RESIDENCY VERIFICATION STEPS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

### **Chargeback Student**

*Description:* A student who lives in Illinois outside the district boundaries but attends the College because his/her home Community College does not offer a specific degree/certificate program.

Residency Code: Out-of-district

Acceptable Documentation: A signed chargeback agreement from the home community college.

Tuition Charge: Current out-of-district tuition charge, but a waiver is processed for the difference between in-district and out-of-district

## **Reciprocal Agreement Student**

Description: A student who lives in the Shawnee College, Rend Lake College, or Southeastern Illinois Community College district but attends John A. Logan College for the purpose of enrolling in a specific course not offered by the home community college. Since this is an agreement made among these four colleges, a chargeback request is not required.

Residency Code: Out-of-district

Acceptable Documentation: A letter of reciprocity from the home community college.

Tuition Charge: Current in-district tuition charge

### **Out-of-State Student**

Description: A student who lives outside the State of Illinois.

Residency Code: Out-of-state

Acceptable documentation: None is required.

Tuition Charge: Current out-of-state tuition charge

# DOCUMENTATION OF RESIDENCY VERIFICATION STEPS (CONCLUDED) JUNE 30, 2022

### **International Student**

Description: A student who lives outside of the United States.

Residency Code: Foreign

Acceptable Documentation: None, other than the typical international student admission paperwork which is completed with the Director of Counseling.

Tuition Charge: Current out-of-state tuition charge

#### **International Athlete**

*Description:* A student who lives outside of the United States but who attends the College for the purpose of playing collegiate sports.

Residency Code: Foreign

Acceptable Documentation: None, other than the typical international student admission paperwork which is completed with the Director of Counseling.

Tuition Charge: Current in-district tuition charge

### International Student with U.S. In-District Sponsor

*Description:* A student whose permanent residence is outside of the United States but who lives with and is financially sponsored by a resident within the college district.

Residency Code: Out-of-country

Acceptable Documentation: A signed letter from an in-district resident verifying financial sponsorship.

Tuition Charge: Current in-district tuition charge





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees John A. Logan College Community College District No. 530 Carterville, Illinois 62918

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

# Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited John A. Logan College, Community College District No. 530's (the College) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the College's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The College's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the College complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

## Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the College's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the College's federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the College's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the College's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding the College's compliance with the compliance requirements
  referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the College's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
  internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2022-001 and 2022-002. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the College's responses to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The College's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2022-001 and 2022-002 to be significant deficiencies.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the College's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The College's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

KEMPER CPA GROUP LLP

Kempor CPA Group LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

Marion, Illinois December 20, 2022

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grant/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Contract or Pass-Through Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education				
Direct Grants:				
Trio Student Support Services	84.042A	P042A200753	\$ -	\$ 50,726
Trio Student Support Services	84.042A	P042A200753 - 21		280,494
Total Student Support Services				331,220
Student Financial Assistance Cluster	04.062	D0 52D2005 42		212.010
Federal Pell Grant Program (M)	84.063	P063P200542	-	313,819
Federal Pell Grant Program (M)	84.063	P063P210542	-	3,774,975
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (M) Federal Work-Study Program (M)	84.007 84.033	P007A211184 P033A211184	-	90,000
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster	04.033	F033A211164		57,247 4,236,041
Education Stabilization Fund				
COVID-19 - Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund Student Portion (M)	84.425E	P425E202186	_	4,122,450
COVID-19 - Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund Institutional Portion (M)	84.425F	P425F201008	_	5,274,801
COVID-19 - Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund Strengthening Institutions Program (M)	84.425M	P425M201142	_	175,072
Total Education Stabilization Fund				9,572,323
Passed through the Illinois Community College Board:				
COVID-19 - Governor's Emergency Education Relief (M)	84.425C	GEER-530	-	49,263
COVID-19 - Governor's Emergency Education Relief II (M)	84.425C	GEERII-53022		142,484
Total Governor's Emergency Education Relief				191,747
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	AE-53001-22		86,178
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	CTE52622	_	280,487
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	LEAD-53021	-	32,127
Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States			-	312,614
Total U.S. Department of Education				14,730,123
U.C. Donordon and affiliately and Hammer Committee				
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed through the Illinois Department of Human Services: Preschoool Development Grant Birth to Five	93.434	FCSAI06390	_	598
•				
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster	00.555	EGG 4 10 4 622		(12.210
Child Care Development Block Grant Child Care Mondatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care	93.575	FCSAI04632	-	613,319
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	FCSAI04632		464,761
•	93.390	TC5A104032	_	404,701
Passed through Illinois Student Assistance Commission				
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster	93.575	N/A		51 716
Early Childhood Access Consortium for Equity	93.373	N/A		51,716
Total Child Care and Development Fund Cluster				1,129,796
Passed through Southern Illinois University Carbondale		au . a . a . a . a		4400
Biomedical Research and Research Training	93.859	SIUC 20-02		14,827
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				1,145,221
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Passed through the Illinois Department of Transportation				
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	0NW6-427	-	590,000
Highway Career Construction Training Program	20.205	N/A	-	39,553
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				629,553
U.S. Department of Energy				
Passed through Lewis and Clark Community College				
Renewable Energy Research and Development	81.087	N/A		26,224
Total U.S. Department of Energy			-	26,224
U.S. Danautment of Veterana Affaira				
U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs Post-9/11 Veterans Education Assistance - GI Bill Chapter 33	64.028	N/A	-	92,109
•	0020	17/11		
Total U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs				92,109
Total Federal Awards			\$ -	\$ 16,623,230
77.7			<del></del>	,,

(M) Major Program

# NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 1: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

### A. General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of John A. Logan College, Community College District No. 530 (the College) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title I *U.S. Code of Federal Regulation* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the College, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the College.

### B. Basis of Accounting

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or limited as to reimbursements.

#### **NOTE 2: SUBRECIPIENTS**

There were no federal awards provided to subrecipients for the year ended June 30, 2022.

### **NOTE 3: NONCASH AWARDS**

There were no noncash awards reported on the Schedule for the year ended June 30, 2022.

## NOTE 4: LOANS OR LOAN GUARANTEES OUTSTANDING

There were no loan programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### NOTE 5: INDIRECT COST RATE

The College has a plan for allocation of common and indirect costs related to grant programs in accordance with the Uniform Guidance. The indirect cost rate used to allocate amounts to grant programs during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, is primarily based on a federally negotiated higher education rate agreement. The College has elected not to use the 10% de Minimis indirect cost rate.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

# SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

### **Financial Statements**

1.	Тур	e of auditor's	report issued:	Unmodified		
2.	2. Internal control over financial reporting:					
	a.)	Material wea	aknesses identified?	No		
	b.)		eficiencies identified that are not considered ll weaknesses?	None Reported		
	c.)	Noncompliar	nce material to the financial statements noted?	No		
Fede	eral A	wards				
1.	Inter	rnal control ov	ver major program:			
	a.)	Material wea	aknesses identified?	No		
	b.)		eficiencies identified that are not considered al weaknesses?	Yes		
2.	Тур	e of auditor's	report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified		
3.			s disclosed that are required to be reported in ection 510 (a) of the Uniform Guidance?	Yes		
4.	Iden	tification of m	najor programs:			
		84.007 84.033 84.063 84.425C 84.425E 84.425F 84.425M	Name of Federal Program  Student Financial Assistance Cluster: Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants Federal Work-Study Program Federal Pell Grant Program  COVID-19-Governor's Emergency Education Relief COVID-19-Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund Student I COVID-19-Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund Institution COVID-19-Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund Strengthening Institutions Program			

\$750,000

Yes

5. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:

6. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

# SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None Reported

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Finding No. 2022-001: Controls Over Student Financial Assistance Special Tests and Provisions – Enrollment Reporting

Federal Program Name Student Financial Assistance Program

**Project No.** P063P200542, P063P210542, P007A211184, P033A211184

CFDA No. 84.063, 84.007, 84.033

Federal Agency U.S. Department of Education

### **Criteria/Specific Requirement:**

CFR section 685.309 (b)(2) requires the College to notify the lender within 30 days if it discovers that a student who has received a loan did not enroll or ceased to be enrolled on at least a half time basis. The College has 60 days to notify the lender if the next scheduled roster reporting date is within 60 days of the date of determination of status change.

#### **Condition:**

During the compliance testing of "Special Tests and Provisions" requirements related to Enrollment Reporting, we noted the following exceptions:

- Two (2) students were reported as dropped when they should have been reported as withdrawn.
- One (1) student was missed being reported to the Clearinghouse.

### **Questioned Costs:**

None

#### **Context:**

Of the forty (40) students tested for Enrollment Reporting purposes, one (1) was not reported within the 60-day time frame and two (2) were not reported with the correct status.

#### Effect:

Inaccurate information may be included in the Submittal File or Enrollment Updated to NSLDS.

#### Cause:

When the student withdrew during the 100% refund period, the College did not contact faculty to obtain and record the specific last date of attendance within that period of time. The College failed to implement additional internal checks for all undergraduate students to ensure the student's division type was correctly coded and reported to the Clearinghouse.

## **Recommendation:**

We recommend the College establish procedures to ensure that accurate and timely information is report to NSLDS.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

# SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

Finding No. 2022-001: Controls Over Student Financial Assistance Special Tests and Provisions – Enrollment Reporting

# Management's Response:

Management agrees with the finding.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONCLUDED)

Finding No. 2022-002: Controls Over Student Financial Assistance – Disbursements to Students

**Federal Program Name** Student Financial Assistance Program

**Project No.** P063P200542, P063P210542, P007A211184, P033A211184

**CFDA No.** 84.063, 84.007, 84.033 **Federal Agency** U.S. Department of Education

### **Criteria/Specific Requirement:**

The Student Financial Aid Handbook states a Title IV credit balance is created when the Title IV funds credited to the student's account exceeds the amount assessed to the student for allowable charges associated with the payment period. When paying the credit balance owed to the student the school must pay the balance owed within 14 days from the time it was created.

#### **Condition:**

During our testing it was noted that three (3) students' refunds were not processed within the required 14 days.

### **Questioned Costs:**

None

### **Context:**

During our student financial aid testing, it was noted that three (3) of out seventy-one (71) students' credit balances were not returned within the required time frame.

# **Effect:**

The student did not receive a refund within the required 14 days.

### Cause:

The Bursar Office was using a report built to identify only students with credit balances of \$5 or more in a current semester and were reviewing past semesters on a monthly basis.

#### **Recommendation:**

We recommend the College implement a review process over application of funds to student accounts.

#### **Management's Response:**

Management agrees with the finding.

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Finding No.	Condition	Current Status
2021-001	During the compliance testing of "Special Tests and provisions" requirements related to Return of Funds, we noted the following exceptions: 1) For twelve (12) students the incorrect semester end date was used in the calculation and 2) For thirteen (13) students the amount of break days used in the calculation was incorrect.	Not Repeated
2021-002	During our testing it was noted that one student's Title IV award was used to pay prior year charges in the amount of \$827. This should have been limited to \$200. The remaining \$627 would have created a credit balance on the student's current year account which the College would have been required to return to the student within 14 days. Because the school did not correctly apply the funds, the 14 day requirement was not met.	Not Repeated
2021-003	After reviewing the EADA report, it was noted that certain reporting requirements were not met.	Not Repeated

# CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Finding No. 2022-001: Controls Over Student Financial Assistance Special Tests and Provisions – Enrollment Reporting

#### **Condition:**

During the compliance testing of "Special Tests and Provisions" requirements related to Enrollment Reporting, we noted the following exceptions:

- Two (2) students were reported as dropped when they should have been reported as withdrawn
- One (1) student was missed being reported to the Clearinghouse.

#### Plan:

Two (2) students withdrew during the 100% refund period but were reported as dropped in our Enrollment Reporting. The College has implemented a process to always record a last date of attendance even when a student withdraws prior to the census date and receives a full refund. If a student never attended, the day prior to the start of the term is recorded. If a student attends even one class period, that date is recorded in the student information system where financial aid can use the date in their return of funds calculation.

The other exception was a student who was incorrectly classified in the student information system and was therefore not included in the National Student Clearinghouse file. Reports have been created to ensure students with undergraduate enrollment for the term are accurately coded in the system in order to be included in National Student Clearinghouse enrollment files for the term.

### **Anticipated Date of Completion:**

October 2022

#### Name of Contact Person:

Melanie Pecord, Provost

# CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Finding No. 2022-002: Controls Over Student Financial Assistance – Disbursements to Students

#### **Condition:**

During our testing it was noted that three (3) students' refunds were not processed within the required 14 days.

#### Plan:

John A. Logan College (JALC) concurs with Finding No. 2022-002. The Bursar Office staff has been made aware of the condition and have implemented procedures to avoid this situation in the future.

The Bursar Office has created a report to identify all refunds regardless of amount or semester and now runs this report on a weekly basis. Refund amounts are then sent out within the 14-day time period.

# **Anticipated Date of Completion:**

November 2022

# **Name of Contact Person:**

Stacy Buckingham, Vice-President of Business Services and CFO